Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1868. NUMBER 285.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

THE CAPITAL.

Treasury Matters—Revenue Appointments—New Postal Convention—Gen. Rosseau's Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28, 1868.

TREASURY MATTERS.

General Spinner's annual report shows his covering warrants to have been ten thousand and ninety-eight, and for payments thirty thousand two hundred and twenty-two.

Under a recent circular from the Treasury Department, requiring financial agents to send in for redemption certain description of legal tender notes, a very large amount has been received.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in his financial report, will show an expenditure on account of the public debt of about $848,500,000, which includes redemptions, conversions, and interest on the public debt at 7 per cent.

REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments were made to-day under the Internal Revenue law:

Storekeepers—Taylor Dudley, J. W. Lowry, Charles Alverton, Dudley M. Craig, Richard M. Harris and W. K. Gray, for Seventh Kentucky District; J. B. Campbell, for the Fifth Kentucky District.

Gaugers—Charles L. Dalyrimple, Fifth Missouri District.

Assistant Assessors—G. M. L. Johnson, Second Ohio District.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

Mr. Evarts' opinion on the eight hour law has been approved by the President, and will be promulgated next week. It is a very lengthy document.

The Paraguayan difficulty is set down for discussion in the Cabinet next Tuesday.

The fraud investigations in New York have been dismissed by the President, who says they have already failed to establish any fact of moment.

Howard Harlan, a department clerk and relative of the Senator, committed suicide yesterday by taking an over-dose of morphine.

The receipts from internal revenue yesterday foot up over a million dollars.

Gen. Grant leaves for New England on Monday.

Gen. Warren's report on the Pacific Railroad is pretty severe, and will cause much comment in Congress.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29, 1868.

THE NEW POSTAL CONVENTION

Just concluded with the United Kingdom, which goes into operation January 1st, 1869, establishes the following rates of international postage, viz:

First—Letters, 12 cents per single rate of 15 grammes, one-half ounce, in United States, and six pence (twelve cents) in the United Kingdom; pre-payment optional; a fine of five cents in the United States, and two pence (four cents) in the United Kingdom, will, however, be added and collected in addition to different postage on each unpaid or insufficiently prepaid letter received by one country from the other.

Second—Newspapers, two cents each in the United States and one penny each in the United Kingdom, if not exceeding four ounces in weight.

Third—Books, pockets, including printed papers of all kinds, and patterns or samples of merchandise, including seeds and grain, when not exceeding one ounce in weight, two cents in the United States and one penny in the United Kingdom; when exceeding two ounces in weight, four cents in the United States and two pence in the United Kingdom; when exceeding two ounces, and not exceeding four ounces, six cents in the United States and three pence in the United Kingdom; and when exceeding four ounces in weight, an additional rate of six cents in the United States and three pence in the United Kingdom will be charged for every additional four ounces or fraction thereof.

The postal charge table, as above, on all articles of printed matter, including patterns or samples of merchandise, must be fully prepaid at the mailing office in either country and is in full to destination, the receiving country delivering without any charge whatever.

ROUSSEAU'S REPORT.

The official report of General Rousseau, as delivered to the War Department, does not contain the paragraph which appears in a recently published synopsis with the heading of "a specimen of a martyr monger," in which Dr. Southwork is represented as saying to General Rousseau that his (Southwork's) Committee would advise the negroes to vote at the recent election, adding "let them be slaughtered—the more there are killed the better it will be for our party."

PACIFIC COAST.

Overland Mail Irregularity—Indian Depredations in Arizona—Mexican News.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, November 28.—There is great complaint about the overland mail service. The newspaper mails from October first to November second, with few exceptions, are scattered along the route, and will probably be ruined by exposure to the weather.

Arizona advices to November 12th state the Indians are committing depredations in every direction. The savages attacked the mail rider and escort near Wickensburg, killed one soldier and captured the bags containing two weeks Eastern and California mails.

Intelligence from Mexico states that Alvaraz, Governor of the State of Guerrero, appropriated moneys of the Custom House at Acapulco to his private use, complaint of which was made to the general government.

Frightful murders and assassinations have been committed in the neighborhood of Manzanillo and Coloma.

Gen. Lozado publishes a manifesto, stating that it is not his intention to commence war against the federal government, although he possesses means to carry on the war to a successful end under himself, independent of the United States.

The steamer Resaca, from Mazatlan, and Honolulu, arrived to-day from Mongo. She made an unsuccessful search for the shoal off Farralones, recently reported by the bark Jenny Berteaux.

The bark Swallow, now out over one hundred days from Bangkok, for San Francisco, is believed lost.

Death Sentence Commuted.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, Maine, November 28.—The Governor and Council have commuted the death sentence of Charles H. Keenan, convicted of the murder of Charles Johnson, to imprisonment for life.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, November 28, 1868.

MOVEMENTS OF THE VICE PRESIDENT ELECT.

Schuyler Colfax, Vice President elect, now sojourning in this city, spent Thanksgiving day in Brooklyn, the guest of Benjamin W. Delamater. In the evening an entertainment was given in honor of the Speaker and his wife, in which a large number of prominent citizens assisted, and the gentleman received warm congratulations on the two events of his life, viz: his marriage with Miss Wade and his election to the Vice Presidency. Mr. Colfax will leave for Washington to-day.

THE ROADSIDE MURDER—THE MYSTERY UNRAVELING.

A Poughkeepsie dispaich says: It has been now ascertained that the victim of the late mysterious roadside murder is Mrs. Smith, wife of Jacob Smith, of Wurtzborough, Sullivan county. He started from home on Saturday at one o'clock P. M. in a one horse wagon with his wife, professing to take her to Olive, Ulster county, to visit her daughter, who, he professed to her, had been badly hurt and wished her immediate presence. He returned to Wurtzborough on Sunday, stating that his horse had given out and that he had sent his wife on to his daughter's by a chance ride, and come back for the children to take them to the same place. He left again on Tuesday with the children. After he left his house was entered by the citizens, and it was found that he had carried off everything in the house except one old trunk, which was opened, and in it was found a remnant of a piece of goods which is exactly similar to the dress found on the murdered woman. Since Smith left with his children nothing has been definitely heard of them. The children were those of his wife by a former husband.

WHAT MR. BOUTWELL THINKS AND SAYS.

A correspondent has had a conversation with Congressman Boutwell, who, in answer to inquiries, stated that he should advocate the exaction of more stringent measures of reconstruction in Virginia, Mississippi and Texas than had been required from the other States. He believed that specie payments can be hastened only by advancing prosperity, and not by legislation. As to the suffrage question, he was of the opinion that Congress had the power to declare who may vote for Presidential electors, Senators and Congressmen, if not the power to regulate the entire question of suffrage in the States.

ERIE RAILROAD IMBROGLIO.

Judge Nelson to-day granted an order requiring the plaintiffs and defendants in the Erie case to show cause why, on Monday, the order of Judge Blatchford, appointing Jay Gould receiver, should not be vacated. Full argument will be had on that day, when the Judge will also decide a motion whether August Belmont can be made a party to the suit in the United States Court.

Various rumors are afloat relative to Erie, among them that an injunction had been served upon both receivers, which is probably correct. Judge Cardozo has issued an injunction restraining Judge Davies from acting as receiver, while the report as to Jay Gould seems founded on the action of Judge Nelson, as above stated.

Another report was that the Legislature will finally settle the whole matter by the passage of some new act. As the Legislature don't meet for a month, this is at least premature.

Quiet reigns at Erie headquarters. The doors were wide open to-day, and Mr. Gould, in reply to an inquiry, said everything was going on as usual, and that he was attending to the business of the office; also that Mr. Davies can't act, as he is so bound with stays, and in his (Gould's) opinion, does not propose to act. He (Davies) was in the office five minutes last week, but not since.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

The inquest in the case of Larkin commenced to-day. The attendance was so numerous that the Coroner was obliged to conduct it in the chamber of the Board of Councilmen.

NATURALIZATION FRAUDS.

Judges Nelson and Blatchford have disagreed relative to the legal points involved in the Rosenburg naturalization case, and the questions are to be submitted to the United States Supreme Court at the next term.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

Thurlow Weed's health continues to improve. He will meet Gen. Grant in this city next week.

The Board of Registration are not doing much, as there is very little interest manifested in the coming charter election.

The "After Dark" injunction case has been again postponed.

NEW YORK, November 29, 1868.

THE EIGHT HOUR LAW.

Attorney General Evarts has forwarded to the President his opinion on the operation of the eight hour law, in regard to the compensation of employés. He says the law being silent on the subject of compensation, Government officials are at liberty to use their discretion in the matter, but that the law of equality, which heretofore regulated the wages of Government employes, requires that they shall receive the same compensation for their labor as is paid in private establishments in the vicinity. The law of 1868 does not fix the wages, nor does it require the Government to pay ten hours' wages for eight hours' work. If citizens adopted such a course, the Government must do the same; but as the law now stands it is left to the option of Government officials to pay the same wages as when men worked ten hours a day, or to reduce the compensation in proportion to the reduction of the hours of labor.

THE ULSTER COUNTY MURDER.

The mystery of the atrocious murder in Ulster county is cleared up. The body found proves to be that of Sophia Smith, wife of Jeremiah Smith, a half crazy, illiterate and brutal man, residing near Wurtzboro, Sullivan county. They had not lived happily together, and the murder is supposed to be the sequel of a bitter quarrel concerning property. The supposed murderer is at large and has with him, if he has not made way with them, his three children. The police are on his track.

Early Sunday morning a man supposed to be Smith, the Ulster county murderer, crossed the ferry from New Paltz, followed an hour afterwards by two detectives, who were on his track and were confident he was the guilty party and that they would soon arrest him.

REGISTRATION.

The registration of this city for the char ter election is 173,693, or 4,313 over the Presidential election.

Nevada Senator En Route for Washington.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, November 28.—Senator Stewart and family, from Nevada, arrived at Salt Lake on Thursday *en route* for Washington. He reports the Central Pacific Railroad completed over four hundred and thirty-five miles east of Sacramento, and a gap of only four hundred miles between that road and the Union Pacific.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

The British Parliament Elections—Press Matters in France—Republican Demonstrations in Spain—Outbreak at Bologna, Italy—Mount Etna in Eruption—Disorder in Turkey—Health of Napoleon—Alabama Claims—Indignation of British Ship Builders—Bloodshed in Spain Feared—War in Paraguay.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, November 28.—The *Times* to-day gives the following as the result of the election for members of the House of Commons: Liberals, 381; Conservatives, 266—Liberal majority, 115.

The following additional returns have been received: Denver, South, returns Sir Massey Lapoo and Mr. Kekewick, Conservatives, the latter beating Viscount Amberly, Liberal. Sir Watkin Winne, Conservative, and Mr. Morgan, Liberal, have been elected for Debyshire. In Suffolk, East, Hon. J. Henniker May and Mr. Corrance, both Conservatives, have been elected. In Cork county, Ireland, Mr. S. Barry and W. W. Dowing, Liberals, have been elected, the latter beating Mr. Boyle, also a Liberal. Mr. Loch, Liberal, is returned from Wicksburgh, Scotland. Mr. Laing, Conservative, is defeated in Wicks and returned from Derbyshire. Mr. Arkwright, Conservative, is also elected in Derbyshire.

The press unite in commending D'Israeli's refusal of the Peerage and its bestowal on his wife. The journals also eulogize the career of the Premier.

LONDON, November 29.—The Conservatives have carried the southeast division of Westriding, Yorkshire, and also the western division of Surrey, thus reducing the Liberal majority by electing four members.

The result of the majority of the later elections has been in favor of the Conservatives, who have always had a disproportionate strength in the counties. Their gains in the present instances are also undoubtedly attributable largely to the indifference of the Liberals, who were rendered careless by the heavy majority they had secured during the first week of the elections. In the manufacturing districts a bitter spirit of Orange organization was enlisted against the candidates who favored disestablishment. The entrance of this element into the strife did not fail in some quarters to lead to mob law and intimidation of voters. The Tories are charged with responsibility for these excesses, and the Liberal party has suffered so severely from them that it has become almost a unit in favor of voting by ballot.

Much indignation has been caused among the British ship owners by the rumor that the Alabama treaty does not allow the claims of Englishmen, based on the decisions of American prize Courts, to be opened before the Commission. The *Shipping Gazette* says such provision is contrary to the precedents established by the Americans themselves, and excludes claims undoubtedly well founded. And the *Gazette* declares if this report is true, the Convention is a capitulation and Parliament will never sanction it.

A writer in the *Observer* takes the same view of the subject and discusses it at length, citing many authorities.

The *Times* and Paris correspondents of other London papers have lately given currency to rumors that the health of the Emperor Napoleon is failing, and public confidence has in consequence been somewhat disturbed. These rumors have been officially contradicted from Paris, yet it is well understood, that, without positive illness, the Emperor declines to take his usual active exercise and shows signs of decaying strength and mental apathy. The policy of his government seems just now to be to make a demonstration of vigor against the opposition to render the latter unpopular and to preserve the *morale* of the departmental officials.

A dispatch from Gibraltar reports that American Brig Stephen Duncan, which sailed from New York, October 16th, for Marsailles, lies landed near Cape Spartel. No further particulars received.

SPAIN.

MADRID, November 28.—Olosoga has gone to Paris. There have been many Republican demonstrations throughout Spain within few days.

The government has declared that the popular sense of the country is antagonistical to the establishment of a Republic, and that the Cortes, soon to meet, will surely propose a form of monarchy.

LONDON, November 29.—The apprehensions of bloodshed in Spain are increasing. It is thought that a collision between the Monarchists and Republicans will be the inevitable result of the excited political contest now in progress. Meantime the patriotic fervor of the nation is unabated.

A dispatch from Madrid states that the subscriptions by the people to the national loan now amount to three hundred and nineteen million reals.

MADRID, November 29.—A great Republican demonstration was made here at the close of last week. The young men of the city held a meeting and amid indescribable enthusiasm passed resolutions protesting against the rule excluding all persons under twenty-five years of age from the franchise. The square was where the meeting was held, and every allusion made by the speakers to the Republic was received with tremendous applause.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—Deputies from Schleswig have been denied seats in the Diet until they swear allegiance.

BUCHAREST, Nov. 28.—Prince Charles of Roumania, in opening the session of the Chambers here, said the maintainance of neutrality was a duty which his Government had always observed. The foreign relations of the country were on an excellent footing, and he had reason to believe pending negotiations would result in satisfactory Conventions with Austria and Prussia.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The present *Moniteur* newspaper loses its official character with New Year's day. The *Moniteur Official de l'Empire* will then appear.

The publishers of the *Progress* newspaper have been fined five hundred francs and sentenced to one month's imprisonment for publishing a list of subscriptions for the proposed monument to M. Boudin in the Cemetery d'Mont Martin.

PARIS, November 28.—The editor of the *Reveille* has been sentenced to two months imprisonment, with a fine of two thousand francs, the editors of the *Tribune* and *Lavenier* to pay a fine of two thousand francs each, and the editors of the *Temps* and *Journal D'Paris* to pay a fine of one thousand francs each, for publishing articles encouraging subscriptions for a monument to Baudin.

The *Patrie* of yesterday says there is a large faction in Spain favorable to the formation of a Triumvirate for five years.

PARIS, November 29.—M. Pierre Antoine Berryer, the celebrated advocate, died yesterday, aged 78 years.

Senor Olushga has arrived here as the Ambassador of Spain.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, November 29.—The Austrian government has fitted and dispatched from Trieste an expedition which will sail around the world. It is under the command of Karl Sherzer. The objects of the enterprise are to introduce the products of Austrian industry to distant markets and to extend the commerce of the empire. The expedition is under special instructions to visit the principal ports of China and Japan, and to proceed thence to California and cruise along the South American coast.

PARAGUAY.

LISBON, November 29.—The mail steamer has arrived from Rio Janeiro and the South American ports. She brings the following news from the seat of war in Paraguay: The Brazilians had sent a column of 12,000 men across the Gran Chaco forest to attack the position of President Lopez at Villeta in the flank. The Marquis de Caxias was awaiting the development of this flank movement to attack the river batteries with his fleet of iron clads and force communication with the army in the Gran Chaco.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, November 28.—A quite serious outbreak occurred at Bologna, and new troubles are feared. The disturbance originated through a refusal of the peasants to pay their taxes. Ten persons have been killed and seven badly injured.

Dispatches have been received announcing that Mount Ætna is in a state of eruption.

TURKEY.

VIENNA, November 28.—Reinforcements have been sent by the Porte to the province of Bulgaria to quell disorders there.

ARRIVED OUT.

SOUTHAMPTON, November 28.—The steamer Westphalia, from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, November 27.—The steamer Java, from New York, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, November 27.—*Evening*—Consols, 94¾; 5-20s dull at 74⅝. Stocks firm; Erie 27 and Illinois 96.

LIVERPOOL, November 27.—*Evening*—Sales of cotton for week ending yesterday 109,000 bales, including 22,000 for export and 13,000 to speculators; stock, 330,000, including 20,000 American; amount afloat for Liverpool is 286,000, including 90,000 of American. Manchester advices less favorable and causes dullness to-day. Sales of 11,000 bales meddling uplands on spot, to arrive at 10¾c. Breadstuffs quiet and lower; Western flour 28s. 9d.; No 2; California white wheat 12s. 10d; No. 2, red western 9s. 6d. Peas 40s. 6d. Oats, barley and corn unchanged. Provisions—pork declined to 87s. 6d; beef, lard and bacon unchanged. Cheese 67s. Refined prolem 1s. 6¼d. Spirits turpentine 28s 6d. Tallow heavy at 50s.

LONDON, November 28.—Sugar firm. Calcutta Linseed, 59sa59s. 6d. Linseed Oil, 27 pounds, 10s. Refined Petroleum, 10s. 6d. Fine Rosin, 15s 6d. Spirits Turpentine, 29s. Whale Oil, 38 pounds, 10s. Linseed Cakes, 11 pounds, 10s.

HAVRE, November 27.—Cotton dull and easier at 137 francs on spot, and 124 francs, to arrive, for *tres ordinaire*.

ANTWERP, November 27.—Petroleum firmer at 54½a55½ francs.

PARIS, November 27.—Specie in Bank of France decreased 7,000,000 francs during the week.

LONDON, November 28—*Afternoon.*—Consols 94 for money, and 94a94⅛ for accounts. New York prices of yesterday have not yet been received. Bonds quiet and unchanged. Stocks dull and unchanged. Spirits Petroleum 9½d. Spirits Turpentine 29s. 3d. Tallow 50s. 9d. Sugar quiet.

LIVERPOOL, November 28—*Afternoon.*—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 1,200 bales, and some business doing in cotton to arrive; sales at 10⅝d. Breadstuffs heavy at yesterday's rates. Provisions unchanged. Spirits Petroleum 8½d. for common. Rosin 6s. 6d.

HAVRE, November 28.—Cotton quiet.

PARIS, November 28.—Bourse dull. Rentes opened at 70 francs and 50 centimes.

FRANKFORT, November 28.—*Evening*—5-20s closed at 79¼.

PARIS, November 28.—Bourse quiet. Rent 70 francs 45c.

ANTWERP, November 23.—Petroleum closed at 55a56 francs for standard white.

HAVRE, November 28.—Cotton closed firmer.

PHILADELPHIA.

Fenian Union—Youthful Suicide—Little Girl Burned.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, November 28.—The various branches of the Fenian Brotherhood have agreed to form a Union. President O'Neill's message was finally disposed of to-day, and the Congress adjourned. Gen. O'Neill recommends the appointment of a commission to proceed to Great Britain and demand, in a respectful manner, the independence of Ireland, and the Congress has approved of this.

Little Robert Crosby, who committed suicide last Monday by taking strichnine, left a letter stating that he did so to prevent harsh treatment from his parents.

A little girl named Maria Robinson was so badly burned by her clothes taking fire, last evening, that she is not expected to live.

Coal, flour and house rents are declining.

PHILADELPHIA, November 29.—General John O'Neill was unanimously elected President of the Fenian Brotherhood at their Congress in this city. The delegates pledged their entire support to the plans submitted by him, and resolved to use their influence to stop all recriminations and denunciations among Irishmen laboring for the independence of Ireland.

After a harmonious session, the Congress adjourned this morning.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Municipal Election Case Decided.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, S. C., November 29.—The contested municipal election case, after a trial of two weeks, was concluded last night by the election being declared irregular and void, by a vote of twelve yeas and three nays. This decision was rendered by the present City Council, of which a large majority are Republicans. The effect will be to continue in power the present city government until a new election is ordered by the Legislature.

NEW ORLEANS.

Chief of Police Difficulty—The Revolution in Cuba—Communication from the Junta.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, November 29.—Judge Cooley, of the Sixth District Court, yesterday ordered the writ of *quo warranto* sued out by R. C. Diamond, Chief of Police appointed by the Mayor, against the Metropolitan Police Superintendent, to be sustained, and ordered Superintendent Cain, of the Metropolitan Police, not to interfere with Diamond in the discharge of his duties as Chief of Police. In his opinion, Judge Cooley states the Metropolitan Police Law does not deprive the municipal authorities of power to establish a police force, and that it is optional with the City to accept the Metropolitan Police Law, which is unconstitutional in many respects, among others in making the Lieutenant Governor President of the Police Board, the Constitution prohibiting one man holding two offices. It is reported a new trial will be applied for.

Lieutenant Governor Dunn, acting as President of the Metropolitan Police Board, has taken out an injunction restraining Diamond from exercising the functions of Chief of Police. This injunction is still before the Fifth District Court.

Jacob Barker has received his discharge in bankruptcy.

This morning's papers publish a communication, dated Havana, November 25th, and signed, Antonia Lucre, Secretary, purporting to be from the representative of the Provisional Republican Government of Cuba, established in the town of Bayomo, refuting the reports circulated in reference to the revolutionary movements in Cuba. They say the proposition for delay, or to lay down their arms, on the condition of the Captain General guaranteeing certain reforms, was scornfully and unhesitatingly rejected by the revolutionary chiefs; that they are not fighting for reform, but for independence. They conclude: "We, who are fully informed of everything going on, and particularly well informed as to the plans of the revolutionary leaders, with whom we are in communication, beg to assert most positively that far from being disposed to lay down our arms, we are about to strike a blow that will echo on the continent. We will lay down our arms when Spain shall have recognized our independence, and not before, notwithstanding Spanish assertions and rumors to the contrary. By order of the Revolutionary Junta, now in session in the city of Havana, this 25th day of November, 1868."

MEMPHIS.

Outrage by a Negro—The Fiend Lynched—Railroad Enterprise.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, November 29.—On Friday last a white girl named Kennedy, living in De Soto county, Mississippi, while crossing the woods to a neighbor's, was seized by a negro and horribly violated. The next morning he was found by the citizens and taken before the girl. He was identified by her and other circumstantial evidence clearly showed his guilt. He was taken to the scene of violence and hanged.

The lessees of the Mississippi Central Railroad, H. S. McComb, Samuel Tate, H. D. Newcomb and others, have proposed to the City Council to purchase their controlling interest in the Memphis & Grenada Railroad and pledge themselves to construct a direct route from Memphis to Troy, making the shortest through line from New Orleans to New York via Memphis, Paducah and Vincennes. A Committee of Council have the matter under consideration. It is strongly opposed by the friends of the Lawrenceville & Nashville line. A strong feeling prevails on either side.

CUBA.

The Insurrection—Volunteers Going to the Seat of War.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, November 28.—The first battalion of volunteers, eight hundred strong, leaves to-morrow for the seat of war.

It is reported that the insurrectionists have burned the plantation of Colonel Acosta, commanding a battalion of volunteers.

It is reported that General Cespedes, of the Revolutionists, had three men executed, who were caught robbing and committing acts of incendiarism.

Cepedes, previous to the attack and repulse at Manzanillo, recommended that the women and children should leave the town.

The confidence of the people in Captain General Lersundi and the speedy termination of the war is increasing.

Another battalion of volunteers will march to Holquin during the coming week.

The Stafford Pavement.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE:—In my letter of the 12th instant, I promised to give you the result of the investigation of the merits of the "Stafford Pavement," compared with the "Nicolson Pavement," made by the Mayor and Council of Philadelphia on the occasion of their recent visit to Boston. On reaching the Court Square in Boston, where the "Stafford" has been laid for some months, it was examined and proved satisfactory, and though there are two points on which the gentlemen all agreed, yet there was some difference of opinion as to the general benefits of the Stafford, as compared with the Nicolson Pavement. The two points are, namely, first, the Stafford Pavement is more easily repaired or taken up than the Nicholson; second, that whatever pavement is used, the lumber and blocks should be treated by the "Robbins' process." This process is so undeniably beneficial that the authorities of Boston, by city ordinance, require all pavements laid in the city to be treated by the "Robbins' process." I also learn that the authorities of New York city are going to pass a similar ordinance. The work of the Robinsizing Company was also visited and the process of treating wood witnessed, and proving perfectly satisfactory. Yours truly,

W. E. C. M.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 25, 1868.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

The District Court met at the usual hour Saturday morning, Judges Mellon and Kirkpatrick on the bench.

The business transactions was of an unimportant nature.

Jury trials will be resumed this morning. Following is the trial list for to-day:

43. McKeown vs. Negley.
44. Archibald vs. Smith.
45. Ardesco Oil Co. vs. Richardson & Tack.
48. Williams & Co. vs. King & Co.
49. Cochran et al. vs. Auld.
51. Brown vs. Hogle.
52. Arthurs vs. Pa. R. R. Co.
53. Smith vs. Youghiogheny Iron and Coal Co.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—James Hope, a noted safe blower, was captured on Saturday in Philadelphia.

—Gen. W. C. Wickham has been elected President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

—Professor John A. Nichols, of the College of the City of New York, died on Saturday morning.

—Generals Dyer and Rodman arrived at Fortress Monroe on Saturday, to make experiments in ordnance.

—Colonel Rodgers, United States Marshal for the Eastern District of Missouri, died on Saturday at St. Louis.

—The New York city Republicans have nominated D. B. Eaton for Corporation Counsel, in place of Chas. P. Shea, resigned.

—Eight companies of the 29th Infantry, under Gen. Wilcox, left Memphis on Saturday, on the steamer Ruth, for the frontiers of Texas.

—A part of the carriage manufactory of B. C. Shaw, at Indianapolis, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. Loss about ten thousand dollars.

—The consolidation of the Merchants Union and American Express companies will give the concern a capital of twenty millions of dollars.

—The daily *New Nation*, a Republican paper in Richmond, Va., announces that owing to the unexampled proscription, it will not be published again.

—General T. W. Sweeny, with two companies of the 16th Infantry, arrived at Augusta, Ga., on Saturday, and will remain until after the municipal election, next Wednesday.

—O'Baldwin, the Irish giant, is in prison in New York city, in default of bail to keep the peace. His bondsman was Felix Larkin, who was killed a few days ago in a bar room brawl.

—A motion for *habeas corpus* in the case of Colonel Treadwell, charged with naturalization frauds, has been refused by Judge Field of the Supreme Court of New Jersey. His bail was, however, reduced to $5,000.

—An affray at Memphis, on Saturday, between two negroes, named Steve Grayson and Anderson Colbert, resulted in the shooting and mortally wounding of Colbert. Grayson was arrested and lodged in jail.

—It is said the forthcoming public debt statement will show an increase of eleven millions, which will be chiefly due to the reduction in cash in the Treasury, paid out during the month on account of the coin interest.

—The auction store of Leeds & Co., Arch street, above Third, Philadelphia, was burned on Saturday. The building next door above, occupied by J. Hall Ogden, as the office of the Maleable Iron Works, was damaged by water.

—The fractional currency printed during last week was $402,000; shipments, $454,589; amount redeemed, $269,000. National Bank currency issued during the week, $132,680; total in circulation, $310,855,976. Customs receipts for the week ending 21st, $1,228,803.

—The Richmond, Va., Circuit Court gave judgment against the City for $15,000 worth of whisky, which was destroyed by order of the City Councils. On the night of the evacuation, in 1865, about 30,000 barrels were destroyed, for all of which the City has to pay.

—The New York cigar-makers' strike has ended by a compromise between the Manufacturers' Association and Cigar Makers' Union. The latter are to allow their members to work with non-Union men, and hereafter all differences will be settled by a joint committee of arbitration.

—A correspondent in the *Pall Mall Gazette* says Garibaldi is about to leave his home and emigrate to America. This determination has been arrived at in consequence of the reproaches of Mazzini and his friends, consequent on the General's failure in the Roman insurrection last year.

—A delegation of the Philadelphia Board of Trade will leave Monday for Cincinnati, to attend the first business meeting of the National Board of Trade held since its organization, accompanied by a delegation of the Philadelphia Commercial Exchange, and delegations from Baltimore and Wilmington.

—The New York City Democratic Union Executive Committee have nominated Mr. Frederick A. Conkling for Mayor, and Richard O'Gorman for Corporation Counsel, in place of John Kelly and Abraham R. Lawrence, declined. The Constitutional Union Convention also nominated Mr. Conkling.

—Wm. Lang, the champion long-distance runner of England, and W. E. Harding, champion three-mile runner of America, have signed articles of agreement to run one-half mile for the championship of the world, December 26th, at the Fashion Course, New York, for one thousand dollars a side.

—At Buffalo, N. Y., on Saturday, Christian Garlies was sentenced to be hung on the 8th of October for the murder of Marcus S. Sewerleine. Peter Legall and James Meatt, gamblers, were sentenced to the State prison for eight and ten years respectively for arson, in setting fire to the rooms of the latter to secure the insurance.

—In the United States District Court at New Orleans, on Saturday, the District Attorney informed the Court that Chief Justice Chase had dispensed with the test oath for jurors, and moved the same rule be adopted by the United States Court of Louisiana. Judge Durell ordered the oath to be administered as required before the war.

—J. Augustin Marsh, late of the firm of Temple & Marsh, brokers on Wall street, New York, for whom a reward was offered for alleged swindling in bonds, was arrested in Memphis on Friday last, *en route* to Cuba. He is held awaiting a requisition from the Governor of New York. Fifteen thousand dollars in bonds were found on him.

—Doctor Arthur E. Petticolas, Superintendent of the Eastern Lunatic Asylum at Williamsburg, Va., committed suicide there on Saturday, by leaping from a window of the asylum. The deceased was a distinguished physician and formerly a professor in the Medical College at Richmond. His mind had been unsettled for some time past.

—At Louisville, about three o'clock on Saturday morning, a fire broke out in the rear of Paddon & Sons' brewery, on Sixth street, between Main and the river, destroying about half of the establishment, involving a loss of $15,000, on which there was but little insurance. Mr. Joseph Woodruff, an actor of considerable merit, was killed by the falling of a wall, while engaged in staying the flames.

—The New York *Herald's* Washington special says: The terms of the protocol now in the hands of President Johnson are in general just as your Washington correspondent stated recently, except that the number of Commissioners is to be four instead of three—two to be appointed by each side. Each one of the Alabama claims must be decided unanimously or referred to an arbitrator. The Government considers that this protocol is equivalent to a concession on the part of England that her conduct in recognizing the rebels as belligerents shall be passed upon by an arbitrator,

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TO THE MEMORY OF CHARLES P. McDEVITT.

Written on the Anniversary of his Death, October 5th, 1868.

BY M. CODY.

The October winds are wailing
A requiem soft and low,
O'er the grave where we laid him,
Just one—one year ago.

Ah! what saddening memories
Throng my brain to-day;
The past, the past, with his death scene,
Ah! it cannot fade away.

Methinks I see the sunset's glow,
The waning crimson light;
Oh yes! the silent pensive hours
That ushered in *that* night.

With what painful gushing anguish,
Riding the dreaded time;
We knelt around his dying couch
Till rang the midnight chime.

Oh! the thrilling, sacred silence,
That reigned that lonely hour;
As Death, the impartial Angel,
Wielded his mystic power.

Then soon a smile uplit the face,
The spirit sweetly fled:
Still methought he was but sleeping—
Ah! Nay, he is not dead!

But now the bitter, bitter truth,
Comes bearing to my mind;
The vacant chair, the cheerless hearth,
His words, his deeds, so kind.

A truce ye sacred memories,
In silence calmly rest.
Only pray my brother's spirit
May mingle with the blest.

LETTERS FROM MRS. SWISSHELM.

NUMBER THREE.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

The First Steps on the Road to Ruin.

In a series of "Letters to Country Girls," published in "*The Saturday Visiter*," (now, Mr. Printer, please do not make that Visitor; I called my paper "*Visiter*" on the authority of good old Dr. Johnston, and repudiate the modern orthography of the land, notwithstanding the fact that Webster, Worcester and ten thousand other wise men have given it the prestige of their sanction.) Well, in "Letters to Country Girls," published about the year '48, when I knew as much of this world, and the people who live in it, as the majority of farmers' wives, who have been brought up and always lived in the country. I told the girls it was quite ridiculous to be afraid of the seducer's arts; that no one could possibly injure them until they had first injured themselves; that, so long as they themselves did nothing wrong, they were entirely safe. In making this statement I but said what I believed, as firmly as I did, and do, the doctrines of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, for side by side with them, and running all along through them, I had, from early infancy, been taught to think that purity of heart, and its consequent propriety of speech and behaviour, were to all men what the white wand and gold ring upon it were to the sons of Erin in the days of chivalry.

To believe in the omnipotence of righteousness was a part of my religion, and, in my mind, Una could never be separated from her lion—Truth was always attended by irresistible power—but I have looked into too many faces and heard too many histories, in the past twenty years, not to know that I have lived a wild enthusiast; and that the most fearless courage stands most in need of the guardianship of caution. I have learned to believe that a larger proportion, if not a majority of the women who become terrors to themselves, and the communities in which they live, have been plunged into an abyss of shame as inadvertantly as the traveler who steps over a precipice into a chasm filled with snow. The road is all fair, and soft, and white, and no indications that, at that particular point, the foundation will oppose no obstacle between him and distruction. Just as ignorantly, just as innocently, do thousands of women step from the firm path of virtue into an abyss of despair; and fall, like Lucifer, never to rise again.

Let those who doubt this, call to mind the case of the Pittsburgh lady, second to none in point of purity, who was dragged out from behind a counter of a lighted store, from the protection she had claimed of its proprietor, through our lighted streets, kicked, pounded with a bludgeon, in presence of a crowd, by fellows in the uniform of our police. Does anybody know any good reason why any ruffian might not put on a blue surtout, cap and badge, and drag any woman off, to any den, while our order-lovng citizens should each go his own way and mind his own business. If the pretended police could pursuade the victim that she was in the hands of the law, and that it was useless, and undignified to shrink or struggle, he could take her along without even the escort of boys, who would, otherwise, learn her destination. Many people thought this lady very imprudent for resisting; but, by that resistance, she secured herself against being taken to any place worse than a common prison, or receiving injuries which can result in anything more than death. I never believed it was the original intention of those men, and their employer, to take her to the lock up, or that she was the first respectable woman who had been picked up on the streets. Others have been taken, they knew not whither, until such knowledge came too late.

Scarce a week passes but we have the record of some confidence game by which men are robbed of money in open day; but the hundreds of confidence games by which women are robbed of more than life, are among the incidents which seldom get into the reporters books, for the reason that the only persons who should be interested in exposing them, are made by the face of public opinion, to feel, that they, of all others, are most interested in concealing them. That unjust and cruel law, made by women, which "devotes to the infernal gods," every woman who ceases to be a virgin, without the sanction of some statute made by some Legislative body of men and baptised "marriage" has the effect to make women conceal an outrage of which they may be the victim, as carefully as sins in which they were willful transgressors; and, consequently, the arts of the ravisher contribute more victims to the list of prostitution than those of the seducer to which most are accredited.

I know one woman, in the upper walks of life, who was once engaged to be married to a man of equal position, a *gentleman* noted for urbanity, with manners and motions, polished as a mirror and graceful as a cat. As all parties were agreed to the match, their engagement was quite public, he often saw her alone, and in her father's luxurious parlor, he thrust his kerchief into her mouth and outraged her person. Her first impulse, to rush to her mother, he restrained by forcedly detaining her, with her mouth effectually closed, pleading his love as his excuse. The short time that would elapse before this, their marraige might be made public, and the uproar she would cause, as three were strangers in the house, who must know all, unless she were reasonable. The strangers in the house, and the fear of that terrible shame secured her silence, when he released her; and that hour past it became impossible for her to tell her wrongs, without incurring suspicion. When he ceased to fear exposure he threatened her with it unless she would meet him alone; but, from the moment of feeling his ruffian power she watched him, with such a shuddering horror that she not only risked his threats, but more carefully her secret lest her father and mother should attempt to coerce him into marriage. The dread of exposure had became greater than that of death; and had it not been counterbalanced by her dread of him, she must have gone the downward road. The courage which carried her through that ordeal was surely greater than that which enables a man to face a battery; but she was only sansible of cowardice, and personal pollution. I think I was one of the only three persons who ever knew her wrongs, and they were told to me in the hope that, at some time, I might use the story as a protection to others. When I first knew her she was prematurely old, with a crushing rush of degradation, and with the feeling that, in failing to expose him, she had possibly been accessory to the ruin of others, as he had been reported engaged to a half dozen after her marriage with him was known to have been broken off.

She had outlived the days of emotion and tears, and settled into a quiet sadness very much like despair, which was attributed to disappointed affection; but was, in reality, a consciousness of degredation—a desire to get away out of a body she felt was not a fit habitation for her soul, and to lay down the mask of deception she had worn so long. She said, with her hands lying listlessly in her lap, looking out, with an introverted gaze:

"I have looked, a thousand times, at lost women on the street proclaiming their disgrace and felt that I ought to be with them, that I had no business here. It hurts me when father or mother kisses me, and I think I ought to go and stay with people like myself."

It was a strange study to note how the tempter availed himself of her misfortune—the weakness of concealment, and the probable disbelief, doubt, scorn and ridicule which would be the result of disclosure, and framed out of them arguments in favor of self abandonment. He never succeeded in this case; but taught me to understand some of his tactics, and gave me a new insight into "the first steps" by which women go down to death. One who should fall, after being thus violently cast down, would surely be an object of compassion, and society should be as careful about closing the door against the erring, as a shepherd about locking up the fold while a portion of his flock are out in the paths of wolves. As there is danger in bringing an infected member into a fold, it is often unsafe to bring a fallen woman into a family; but there can be no good reason why there should not be a Christian Home where they could be safe until they could give evidence that they can be restored to society with safety to others. Then, let their sins be forgotten, even as we ask God to blot our transgressions out of the book of His remembrance.

JANE G. SWISSHELM.

The Alabama Claims.

A Washington dispatch gives the basis of settlement as follows: A Commission of three is to be appointed, two from Great Britain and one from the United States, which is to meet in Washington at as early a time as practicable. There are also to be two agents who will represent the interests of each Government, as attorneys therefor.

The Commission is to receive all claims for damages, alleged to have been done by the Alabama, and to decide upon them, and whenever they are unable to agree on a case they are to select an umpire, or arbitrator, from among the friendly sovereigns of Europe, whose decision shall be final.

All claims are to be presented within six months after the meeting of the Commissioners. They are to adjudicate all claims within one year, and the money to be paid on each and every case shall be paid within one year from the time of decision. Both Governments pledge themselves to accept the decision of the Commissioners as a finality.

These are the main points already agreed on, but there are minor details which are yet to be settled. The question concerning the recognition of the Confederate States as a belligerant power is still pending.

Another dispatch says: It is said that the British Legation has at length produced a bill against the United States Government as an offset to the Alabama claims, amounting to $45,000,000, being for damages alleged to have been sustained by British subjects in the South during the Rebellion.

Still another states: There is quite a row in the Cabinet concerning the conduct of Reverdy Johnson in the management of the Alabama claims. President Johnson is entirely dissatisfied, while Seward insists that Reverdy is carrying out his instructions to the letter. There is a rumor to-day that the President has determined to recall Reverdy. But this probably, grows out of the difficulty known to have occurred in the Cabinet yesterday.

Spanish Politics.

At last a step is taken in Spanish politics that goes far toward supporting a republican form of government for that kingdom that was promised when Isabella was overthrown, but that has since been in hot discussion. An election for the Cortes has been ordered on the 15th of December, and the Cortes, so elected, is summoned to meet four weeks later. The Cortes has to this time held legislative power conjointly with the Crown. It is divided into a Senate and House of Deputies, both equally independent. The Senators have been appointed by the Crown for life in unlimited numbers, whereas the deputies were nominated by electoral juntas at the rate of one deputy for every 50,000 of the population, and hold office five years. The House of Deputies could be dissolved by the Crown at will. We have not seen that any change has yet been made in the style or rate of election, and as this could only be effected legally by a change in the organic law not yet attained, it is probable that the coming elections will proceed on that basis. Their importance will consist in the freer agency of the popular will, and in the work that will be transacted by a Cortes so elected, when the conditions of the country have been so radically altered. If the Liberal feeling succeeds, the Spanish executive may, after all, be a President.

Modern Warfare.

The war demonstrated the inefficiency of wooden vessels, and stone or brick forts, under the concentrated fire of heavy guns. Hence the necessity of iron-clads and monitors, and the abandonment of unprotected fortifications, except against light artillery, or for purposes of temporary defence. The recent target firing at Fortress Monroe proves further the impossibility of erecting any kind of works which shall be proof against any well-directed shot from heavy guns, as well as of building heavily plated ships so as to withstand the same kind of fire. We read that two plates of iron, each a foot in thickness, resting against solid masonery, were shivered into "smithereens" by one shot from a 500-pounder; while one on the other side totally demolished the target. What, then, must be the effect of such a shot direct upon the ten or twelve-inch iron of one of our iron-clads? It is plain that but two means of avoiding destruction are presented. The one is the presentation of such a surface as to avoid a direct shot, as in the revolving turrets, and the other in presenting no target surface at all, which is aimed at in our sunken and almost concealed iron ships of latest pattern.

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Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing supersor facilities through several large Wine and Liquor Houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice WINES AND LIQUORS at prices less than Eastern rates. Examinations of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.
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Of our own growing. Also, the best brands of CHAMPAGNE, CLARET, SHERRY and PORT WINES. "Vine Growers' Company" of BRANDY, pint flasks, just the thing for travelers.
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R. & W. JE SON,
Manufacturers and Dealers
Tobacco, Snuff, C pes, &c.,
No. 6 FEDERAL HENY.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 135¾.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, November 29, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money easy at 5@6 per cent. Sterling easier at 9¼@9¼. Gold firm, opening at 134⅞, advancing to 135⅝, and closing at 135¼@135⅝. The exports to-day were—$269,800; do. for the week—$642,105. The Treasury will sell $500,000 on Monday, $300,000 daily, and the remainder next week. Bank Statement—loans, $254,885,057; increase, $3,294,994; specie, $15,787,277; decrease, $1,546,876; circulation, $34,284,563; increase, $89,495; deposits, $187,418,835; increase, $3,808,495; legal tenders, $62,440,206; decrease, $1,159,738.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments lower, but closed strong. Coupons of 1881, 115¼@115¾; do.' 62, 111¾@112; do. '64, 107¾@107¾; do. '65, 107⅞@108¼; do. new, 110⅝@110¾; do. '67, 110⅝@110¾; do. '68, 110¼@111; 10-40s, 106@106½.

STATE BONDS

Quiet and steady; Missouris, 90; Old Tennessees, 69½; new do., 68¾.

STOCKS.

The stock market is higher, with the average amount of business doing, and closed steady though a trifle off from extreme quotations. A little more activity is noticed in Erie, which has ranged between 40¾@39¼. We have been unable to ascertain if there is any foundation for the rumor that a compromise has been arranged between the Erie litigants. Michigan Southern has been noticeably firm, on account of the report that there will be a meeting at Chicago next Thursday of the committees of the Lake Shore Railroad and the Michigan Southern road for the purpose of agreeing upon a plan for consolidation. Express shares are freely dealt in. Merchants Union has been the leading feature.

5:30 PRICES:—Cumberland, 40¼@40¾; Canton, 51@51¼; Wells Express, 27@27½; American, 47@47¼; Adams, 50⅜@50½; United States, 47¼@47½; Merchants Union, 19¾@19¾; Quicksilver, 23¾@24; Boston, Hartford & Erie, 27½@28; Pacific Mail, 118¾@119; Western Union Telegraph, 36¾@36¾; Mariposa, 6@6½; preferred, 22⅜@22½; New York Central, 128⅞@129; Erie, 39¾@40; do. preferred, 60@60¼; Hudson, 131@131¼; Reading, 99⅛@99⅝; Terre Haute, 40@41; preferred, 62½@64; Wabash, 58¾@59¾; do. preferred, 70@70½; St. Paul, 71@71¼; preferred, 88¾@89; Fort Wayne, 112⅝@112¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 31⅛@31⅜; Michigan Central, 119; Michigan Southern, 89¼@89¾; Illinois Central, 142; Pittsburgh, 85¾@89; Toledo, 101½; Rock Island, 108¾@109; Northwestern, 85¼@85½; do. preferred, 85½@85¾; St. Joe preferred, 90¼; M. & C. 1st preferred, 25; C. C. C. & Ind., 77.

MINING SHARES

Mining Shares dull; Quartz Hill, 83; Gregory, 495.

COPPER STOCKS.

Boston Copper Falls, 12; Franklin, 11; Hancock, 3⅜; Minnesota, 2; Quincy, 13.

SUB-TREASURY MATTERS.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $1,861,656. Payments, 2,889,385. Balance, $89,132,853.

IMPORTS.

Imports for the week—Dry Goods, $1,244,543; General Merchandise, $4,075,950.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, November 28.—Cotton opened steady but lower, and closed firm under the news from Europe; sales 2800 bales at 25c for middling uplands. Flour a shade better; low grades in moderate and home trade demand; receipts 29,590 bbls; sales 10,100 bbls at $5,50a8,50 for superfine State and Western; $6,50a8,50 for extra State; $6,30a7,40 for extra Western; $8,00a9,75 for good choice white wheat extra; $6,65a9,00 for round hoop Ohio; $7,50a9,00 for extra St. Louis; $10a10,50 for good choice do., closing quiet; California quiet; sales 200 sacks at $7,75a10,00, via Horn; $12a12,25 for red Isthmus. Rye Flour quiet; sales 200 bbls at $6a8. Corn Meal quiet; sales 300 bus Brandywine $5,85a6. Whisky quiet at 50c for western, $1,05 on dock. Receipts—wheat 253,686 bushels. Wheat 1a2c better for amber Michigan. Rye; sales of 2,500 bushels at $1,44 for western, and $1,47½ for Canada. Barley dull; sales of 7,500 bushels of Canada East on private co-operative terms. Barley Malt quiet. Receipts—corn 86,400 bushels. Corn 1c better; sales of 68,000 bushels at $1,12a1,14 for unsound, $1,15a1,17 for sound mixed western afloat, and $1,20 for small lots do. Receipts—oats 37,190 bushels. Oats active and excited, 2a3c better, and in good speculative demand; sales of 275,000 bushels at 73a74¼c for western, closing at 74c. Rye nominally unchanged. Coffee dull and unchanged. Sugar quiet and barely steady; sales 260 hhds Cuba at 11c: 150 boxes Havana at 10⅝a11½c. Molasses nominally unchanged. Hops quiet at 10a 25c for American. Petroleum quiet: 18 for Crude, 34a35 for refined bonded. Coal; foreign unchanged and domestic quiet. Leather, Hemlock sole steady at 28½a29¼c. Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light and middle weights. Wool rather more steady, not very active: 35,000 pounds at 49a50c; No. 1 Ohio at 50a52; for extra Ohio 52a54; for extra Virginia 54a58c; for double extra Ohio 57a60c; for double extra Virginia 44a 50c; superfine pulled, 43½c; old extra, do. Linseed Oil heavy, at 94a95c for small and 90a92c for large lots. Alcohol, $2,05 for Western. Drugs very quiet, and sales merely in a jobbing way. Western Oil Coke dull at $57,25a58. Spirits turpentine quiet at 47½a48¼. Metals—Sheeting copper steady at 33c. Ingot copper is firmer at 23¼a23¼c asked for. Detroit and Portage Lake pig iron firm at 41a45c for Scotch, and 34a43c for American; bar quiet at 90a 95c for refined English and American; sheet in moderate request at 12½a13c for Russia assorted No. 1, and 5¼a7c for single D and T common. Nails selling at 5¼c for cut; 7c for clinched, and 27a30c for horse shoe. Pork opened steady and closed lower; sales 1,050 bbls at $26,25a27,50 for new mess, closing at $26,25a27 for old do., closing at 25,50a 26,50 for prime; $22a24,75 for prime mess. Beef quiet; sales 115 bbls at $10a10,50 for new plain mess, and $16a20 for new extra mess. Beef steady at $27a30 for prime mess, $30a34 for India mess. Beef hams steady; sales 240 bbls at $28,50a20. Cut meats unchanged; sales 180 packages at 12a 12¼c for shoulders, 12a16c for hams; middles quiet and steady; sales 160 boxes Cumberland cut on private terms; 100 boxes short ribbed, first half of December, on private terms. Lard quiet and unchanged; sales 470 tierces at 15a16¼c for steam, 16¼a 16¾ for kettle rendered; also 100 tierces steam, sellers option, January, at 14⅝c. Butter steady at 28a40c for Ohio, 40a50c for State. Cheese firm at 14a19c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and unchanged.

LATEST.—Flour closed a shade better for medium and low grades, with a moderate home trade and limited export inquiry. Wheat quiet at $1,50a1,52 for No. 2 spring; demand chiefly speculative. Rye $1,43a 1,44 for western. Corn steady at $1,10a1,11 in store, and $1,18a1,19 afloat, for mixed western. Pork heavy and decidedly lower, with sellers of old mess at $25, and new mess at $26, with no buyers. Beef quiet. Cut Meats unchanged. Bacon quiet and steady. Lard dull at 16a16¼c for fair to prime steam. Eggs steady at 36a39c.

Memphis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, November 28.—Cotton quiet and firm at 23c; receipts, 1,831 bales; exports, 927 bales; receipts for the week, 9,417 bales; not reported yesterday; exports for the week, 192 bales; stock on hand, 1,036 bales. Flour dull and drooping. Corn at 71a72c. Oats at 64c. Hay at $22. Bran scarce at $25. Pork—old at $27, and new at $24,25. Lard at 16c for tierce, and 16¾a17c for keg. Bacon scarce, with light demand; shoulders at 12a12½c, and clear sides at 18a18¼c.

Chicago Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, November 28.—Eastern Exchange in limited supply and firm at par buying, and 1-10 per cent. premium selling. Flour steady, moderately active and firm; sales of spring extras at $5,20a8,25. Wheat: No. 2 opened firm at 2a2½c higher, sales at $1,15⅝, but fell back and closed with sellers at $1,14½; No. 1 quiet, with sales at $1,24a1,27; sales of No. 2 this afternoon at $1,13. Corn: the corner on old No. 1 is maintained, with sales at $1,00, closing firm; old No. 2 sold at 78a80c; new shelled in fair demand, but irregular, sales at 58a 61¾c; kiln dried active, sales No. 2 at 72½a 75c, and rejected at 65c, closing at 75c for kiln dried; sales of No. 1 were made since change at $1,00. Oats quiet and firm, and 1a1½c higher; sales No. 2 at 47¼a48½c, closing at 48c. Rye firmer and steady, and 1¼a2c higher; sales No. 1 at $1,13½a1,14, and No. 2 at $1,12¼, closing at outside price for No. 1. Barley quiet and steady; sales No. 2 at $1,55a1,57, and rejected at $1,30. Highwines steady and more active at 96c. Provisions quiet and a shade easier. Small sales of Mess Pork were made at $23. Green hams quiet at 10¼a10½c; rough sides 10¾c. Lard ranged at 14a14¼c for prime steam, and 13¼c for No. 1. Freights quiet at 14c for corn by steamer to Buffalo. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours were, 5,873 bbls flour, 1,573 bush wheat, 41,410 bush corn, 9,568 bush oats, 3,081 bush rye, 3,200 bush barley, 22,280 head hogs. Shipments—8,013 bbls flour, 23,036 bush wheat, 35,553 bush corn, 4,700 bush oats, 1,811 bush rye, 6,799 bush barley, 5,798 head hogs.

CHICAGO, November 28.—*Evening.*—At the open Board this afternoon the market for Wheat was only moderately active and prices weak, opening at $1,13½c, closing at $1,12¼c for No. 2. The market tonight is firm at the latter quotation. Corn inactive, but held firmly at $1 for No. 1. Nothing doing in Oats; held at 47½c.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, November 28.—The Tobacco market is quiet and prices are unchanged. Cotton and Hemp, there is nothing doing. Flour is quiet and unchanged; there is a good demand for low grades; superfine sold at $5a5,50; extra, $5,75a6,25; double extra, $6,50a7,50; treble extra to fancy, $8,50a11. Wheat, there is very little doing and there is no quotable change in prices; fair to choice red sold at $1,30a1,70; fancy, $1,75a 1,80; spring, the business was small, a lot of No. 2 in bulk sold at $1,16. Corn is dull and declining; sales are reported at 78a83c. Oats, buyers stood off, but holders were firm; sales were made at 52a54c. Barley is unchanged and sales were made at $1,90 for prime Iowa. Rye is lower; sales were made at $1,10a1,12½. Pork is quiet and unchanged; sales were made at $22a23. Bulk meats, there was a small jobbing business, and sales are reported at 9¼c for shoulders; 13¼a13½c for clear sides. Bacon shoulders have declined to 11c; there are no clear sides in the market. Lard, there is very little doing for present delivery; sales are reported of prime tierce at 13½c; keg, 15c; sales were made for the 10th of December at 13c, and during January at 12¾c. Whisky has declined to 95c. The receipts were as follows: flour, 30,000 bbls; wheat, 8,600 bush; corn, 8,000 bush; oats, 4,600 bush; barley, 800 bush; rye, 1,000 bush; hogs, 1,450 head.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Nov. 28.—Flour unchanged and firm at $7,50 for fair family. Wheat firm at $1,80 for No 1 red, and $1,70 for No. 2. Corn firmer at 62a63c for new ear. Rye advanced to $1,30. Oats quiet at 59a60c for No. 2 and choice. Barley unchanged. Cotton dull at 23c for middling. Whisky firm at 98c. Hogs higher at $7a7,60 gross, $8,75a 9,25 net; receipts 3,800. Mess Pork at $22,75 a23 and firm. Bulk Meats partly cured quiet and easier at 9c for shoulders; 12½c for sides, and 13c for rib and clear rib. Green Meats dull at 10, 11¼ and 11½c for shoulders, sides and hams. Lard dull at 13¾a14c for prime steam, and 14¾a15c for kettle rendered. Butter and Cheese quiet and unchanged. Eggs at 33c. Linseed Oil dull at 95c. Lard Oil scarce and irregular at $1,30a1,35 on the spot, but for future delivery, say ten days hence, it can be bought at $1,25. Gold 134¾ buying. Exchange is quiet and dull at ¼a1-10 discount buying.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, November 28.—Cotton unchanged and demand light, with middlings at 23¼a23½c; sales 3,200 bales; receipts 4,696; exports 3,404. Gold 135¼. Sterling Commercial 145¾a146¼; Bank 146¾a147. New York Sight Exchange ¼a ¾ discount. Sugar; low grades declined; high grades unchanged; common 8a9c; prime 12¼a12½c; clarified 13¼c. Molasses declined; common 50a53c; prime 62a66c; choice 68a76c. Flour firmer; superfine $6,37 a6,50; double extra $7; treble extra $8a8,50. Corn lower at 77a80c. Oats firm at 62c. Hay easier at $25. Pork dull and unsettled at $25. Bacon dull; shoulders 12a12¼c; clear sides 18¾c. Lard; tierce 15¾c; keg 17c. Whisky in good demand; western rectified $1a1,15. Coffee firm; Rio 14a14½c; prime 16¼a16¾c.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, November 28.—Flour steady and unchanged; city made $11,25a11,50 for treble extra white, $9,50a9,75 for double extra amber, $8,25a8,50 for double extra red, $7,50a7,75 for double extra spring, $7,00 a7,75 for extra spring; country made ranges $8a8,75 for double extra red and amber, $7a8 for double extra spring, $10a10,75 for double extra white. Wheat—No. 1 red held at $1,80, No. 2 do. at $1,63. Corn—ear, on track, held at 70c; shelled, on spot, at $1. Oats held at 52c. Rye firmer and better; No. 1 held at $1,28a1,30. Barley—No. 1 Canada delivered on the cars at $2. Petroleum quiet and unchanged; refined held at 27a28c in round lots; trade lots 2a3c higher.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, Nov. 28.—Receipts—13,000 bbls flour, 40,000 bu wheat. Flour in good quantity; sales 800 bbls. at previous prices. Wheat steady; sales 7,800 bu Toledo spring by sample at $1,20; No. 2 Chicago spring nominal at $1,37. Corn firm; sales 20,000 bu No. 1 to arrive at $1, 10,000 bu do in lots on the spot at $1,02. Oats firm; sales car lots at 63a64c; a cargo to arrive, bid for 63c, which was refused. Rye nominal at $1,45. Barley—sales 4,000 bu Canada at $2. Highwines drooping and nominal at $1,04. Other articles unchanged.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, November 28.—Clover Seed $6,50a7,50. Flaxseed $2,60a2,65. Flour firmer, but only a small business doing; Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin extra family $7,50a7,85; Pennsylvania and Ohio do $9a11. Wheat steady; fair and good red $2a2,10; amber $2,15. Rye $1,15a1,17. Corn in good demand; old yellow $1,23a1,25; mixed western $1,22. Oats steady at 67a 69c for western. Groceries and Provisions unchanged. Whisky $1,05a1,08 free.

San Francisco Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, November 28.—Flour is unchanged. Wheat is firm, and sales were made at $1,75a1,80. Legal Tenders, 74c. Mining Stocks—Alpha, 47; Belcher, 180; Bullion, 17; Chollar, 158; Confidence, 45; Crown Point, 47; Empire Mill, 113; Gould Curry, 98; Hale Norcross, 68; Imperial, 116; Kentuck, 242; Ophir, 28; Overman, 48; Savage, 68; Sierra Nevada, 16; Yellow Jacket, 1607.

Detroit Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

DETROIT, November 28.—Flour quiet and unchanged; choice $9a9,50. Wheat—light sales to fill out shipments at $1,85 for No. 1 white and $1,68 for No. 2 do., closing quiet. Dressed hogs in light receipts and firm at $8a8,25.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, November 28.—The demand for dry goods is limited and confined chiefly to the local trade and filling of southwestern orders. In prices there is but little change. There is some enquiry for Linseys, composed of wool and cotton, worth about 10c per yard for southwest trade, and Repellants, like Garibaldi Proof Cloth, worth $1,25a1,30 per yard, are also wanted for cloakings and suits; also for the same sections Osnaburgs are in request at full prices, but most other staple cotton goods only move slowly at 12a12½ for standard Prints, 15a16 for heavy Brown Sheetings, 19a22½ for Mous de Daines and Armures.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, November 28.—Flour dull and weak and prices unchanged. Wheat dull; $1,25 for No. 1, and $1,15½ for No. 2. Oats firmer, at 48c for No. 2. Corn dull at 48c for No. 2 old. Rye steady at $1,05a1,06 for No. 1. Barley nominal. Receipts—3,000 bbls flour, 4,000 bus wheat, 2,000 bus oats, 1,000 bus corn, 1,000 bus rye, 100 bus barley. Shipments—4,000 bbls flour, 28,000 bus wheat, 3,000 bus oats, 200 bus corn.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, November 28.—Tobacco; sales of 24 hhds lugs to medium leaf at 6¾a 13¼c. Cotton 22c. Hay, baled $16,00 a ton. Corn, choice at 55a60c. Oats at 55a57c. Rye at $1,30a1,35. Wheat $1,75a1,86. Flour, superfine at $5,25a6. Mess Pork at $23. Lard 15c. Shoulders 8¼c, clear rib sides 13c, clear sides 14¼c, all packed. Hogs firm at $7,50a8,75, gross. Whisky free at 98ca$1,00.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, November 28.—Flour firmer, but steady. Wheat 3a6c better; No. 1 white Michigan $2,03, white Michigan $1,80, amber $1,74a1,76, No. 3 spring $1,05. Corn ½c better; No. 1 93½c, No. 1 white 93c, new 80c, kiln dried 92c. Oats firmer and 1c better; No. 1 and Michigan 54c. Rye steady; No. 1 $1,25. Barley; Canada $2,10. Dressed Hogs $8,00a8,75.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, November 28.—Flour is quiet, steady and unchanged. Wheat is firm and steady. Corn is active, with sales of new white at 97a$1, and yellow at $1,07a 1,10. Oats steady and unchanged. Rye is unchanged. Pork, Bacon, Shoulders, rib and clear Sides, Hams and Lard are unchanged.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, November 28.—Cattle dull; sales at $3,37½a4,62½ for common to good cows, and $4,70a4,79 for fair to extra packing steers. Hogs fairly active on packing account, and steady; sales at $6,50a6,75 for common, and 6,80a7,25 for good to choice.

St. Louis Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, November 28.—The receipts of Hogs were quite light; the demand was active and prices were higher at 4a4¼c, gross. Cattle are firm at 5a6c for prime to choice; 2¼a4c for common to medium.

Nashville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, Nov. 28.—Cotton quiet but firm; low middlings 21½c; good ordinary 21c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, November 28.—13 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, Little, Baird & Patton; 4 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 20 doz brooms, Arbuckles & Co; 6 bbls chestnuts, Atwell & Lee; 1 car wheat, B Donnemiller & Son, 20 bbls apples, H Rea Jr; 16 bbls dry peaches, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 25 kegs apple butter, 155 bbls apples, Graff & Reiter; 172 bdls sheep pelts, 34 bbls tallow, M Delange; 1 car hay, O H Allerton; 2 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 4 bdls leather, D Chestnut & Co; 40 bxs cheese, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 200 doz handles, Myers & Armour; 145 bxs cheese, H Riddle; 38 do do, N J Braden; 380 do do, W Haslage & Co; 200 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 1 car millfeed, Shomaker & Langenheim; 2 cars rye, Culp & Shepard; 1 do do, W J Meek; 1 do wheat, Scott & P; 900 bbls flour, owner; 2 cars wheat, J S Finch & Co; 1 car middlings, H Schnelback; 100 bbls flour, Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co; 100 do do, Hugh Knox; 200 do do, Sam Lindsay, Jr & Co; 100 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car middlings, Brown & Williams; 10 bales broom corn, R McClellan; 20 do do, Z B Taylor; 4 cars wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 20 kegs lard, 5 bbls oil, E H Myers & Co; 9 bales wool, J Thompson; 15 bxs crackers, C A Boucher; 15 do do, L J Blanchard; 5 bbls alcohal, 5 do spirits, M McCullough, Jr & Co; 10 bbls sizing, A B Mills; 100 bbls flour, McClure & McKee; 100 do do, Culp & Shepard; 9 bales hops, Halloway & Stewart; 1 car rye, T Moore & Son; 15 bbls lard oil, J H Parker.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, November 28.—2 cars iron ore, Brown & Co; 4 do do, Shoenberger & Blair; 5 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 car stone, P Wolfe; 1 do do, J L L Knox; 1 do oil, J Spear; 20 bbls lime, S Davidson; 25 do crackers, J H McKinnell; 5 bbls peas, 2 do cider, Vangorder & Shepard; 20 coils old rope, Godfrey & Clark; 1 cask ware, J & A Deitz; 1 do do, S H Bailey. 1 do do, J P Kern; 3 cars hay, Brown & Williams; 2 bxs mdse, B W Peck; 3 tubs butter, Carter, McGrew & Co; 200 oil bbls, B D Moore; 70 do do, C A Wormcastle; 50 do do, Thomas Musgrave; 288 bags corn, McBane & Anjer; 1 hf bbl cider, 30 sks potatoes, 1000 heads cabbage, 5 bxs pickles, 3 bbls saurkraut, 5 bags turnips, 1 box horsereddish, 1 box chickens and turkeys, Robt Montgomery; 3 bbls butter, 2 cases tobacco, 2 kgs butter, Head & Metzgar; 2 cases tobacco, S Cooper; 2 do do, Shipton & Wallace; 2 do do, J P Smith & Co; 3 do do, H Dalmyer; 1 bdl dry apples, 1 do beans, 12 sks corn, 1 sk rags, H Riddle.

ALLEGHENY STATION, November 28.—Lot stoneware, Jos Craig; 1 car lumber, Nanz & Co; 3 cars wheat, R T Kennedy & Bro; 5 pkgs eggs, John Herbert; 204 gallons stoneware, Beckfield & Niehouse; 30 bales cotton, Holmes, Bell & Co; 19 do do, Kennedy, Childs & Co; 1 car corn, Geo Stewart; 8 bbls oil, Johnston & Payne; 12 green hides, 4 calf skins, Lappie & Weise; 30 bxs cheese, Kohen & Bro; 1 car metal, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 1 car lime, Gillespie & Co; 2 cars metal, Superior Iron Co; 50 bbls cider, Buck & B; 1 car barley, M Heckelman; 50 bbls highwines, H Hespenheide; 1 car staves, C Lutz.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, November 28.—52 sks oats, J Cupps; 17 do do, Scott & Gisal; 9 pkgs leather, Seibert & Berg; 2 pkgs eggs, W M Ready; 1 bbl onions, Knox & Orr; 1 car metal, Lyon, Shorb & Co; 2 do stone, Henderson, Alexander & Co; 1 do metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 1 do do, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 2 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 6 bdls pelts, Jacob Marks; 1 bx butter, 1 bbl eggs, W B Ross & Co; 41 bbls oil, R W Burke; 240 bbls oil, J N McCutcheon; 240 do do, Forsyth & Bro; 160 do do, Leech & Wood; 9 sks flour, Head & Metzgar; 27 sks oats, Patrick McKelvy.

PAPER.

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Cash paid for Paper Stock. ja29:o88

RIVER NEWS.

The river is receding steadily with nine and a half feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. The weather yesterday was cool and pleasant.

The Bellevernon arrived from Evansville on Saturday night, and the Glendale, from St. Louis, is due here.

The Tom Farrow and barges, Capt. Chas. Mathews, are announced to leave for St. Louis this evening without fail. Shippers will do well to send their bills of lading down as early in the day as possible.

The Kate Putnam did not get off for St. Louis on Saturday as expected, but will take her departure to-day. She is one of the best boats in the trade, and Captain Reed is a very active and experienced steamboatman.

Captain Hugh Campbell has resigned command of the Mary Davage, and it is reported that he is soon to take command of a lower Mississippi river steamer.

Mr. J. D. Young, an old steamboat clerk, recently of the Kate Putnam, in which boat he owns an interest, has quit the river and gone into the coal business.

Captain J. A. McCarty, an old and well-known steamboatman, has also quit the river and gone into the grocery business, in the Diamond. The last boat he had command of was the Cincinnati and New Orleans packet Swallow.

The R. C. Gray, Capt. Whittaker, will be the first boat for Memphis and New Orleans. The Gray will take freight for all intermediate points.

The Bayard, Capt. A. S. Shepard, is the regular packet for Parkersburg to-day, leaving promptly at noon.

The Messenger arrived at St. Louis on Friday last.

One of the officers and owners of the new steamer Arkansas writes to this journal, from Cincinnati, that she is a complete success, and excels their most sanguine expectations. "Every thing works to perfection; she goes down the river like an old boat, making eleven miles per hour without an effort. She steers like a duck, and handles like a top. We are perfectly satisfied, and think we have not paid to much for our whistle." The writer, also, says: "You can tell the people that Pittsburgh can beat the world in getting up a stern-wheel or any other kind of a boat."

—The Maggie Hays and towboat, A. J. Baker and Mary Alice, were at Cairo on Thursday.

—Capt. C. W. Batchelor arrived in Cincinnati on Thursday. He proposes making a trip up the Tennessee River.

—The Camelia, Nashville to Pittsburgh, and Wild Duck, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, were at Evansville on Thursday.

—The Savanna is enroute from St. Louis to this port, with the machinery of the new boat now building for the Northern Line Co.

—Captain Dryden telegraphs to the Cincinnati *Commercial* a report that the Glendale had sunk a coalboat at that place on Wednesday night.

—Capt. Dunney, on Wedesday, sold one-half of the steamer Sallie V. to Leroy Martin for $5,000. She will remain in the Evansville and Henderson trade.

—A St. Louis exchange of Thursday says: The Armenia defers her departure for Pittsburgh to Friday. Her stay in this port will then foot up seven days. Capt. McCallum says he never knew Ohio river freight to be so scarce here.

—Dispatches from Evansville, states that as the Evansville and Cairo packet Armada was backing out from Newburg night before last, her starboard steampipe burst close to the engine, severely scalding the engineer, James Malone. No other damage was done.

—James McKeever, watchman of the steamer City of Alton, fell overboard at St. Louis, on Wednesday morning, and was drowned. He leaves a family to mourn his untimely fate. The deceased was a sober and industrious man, esteemed and respected by all who knew him.

—Thirty-five steamers were engaged the past season in the St. Louis and Omaha trade, making, in the aggregate, 142 trips, and $135,018 18 for freights deliverable at St. Louis, not including government freight or coal delivered, or earnings on freights delivered at other ports above St. Louis.

—A St. Louis dispatch, of Friday, says: The Great Republic was not sold today. The highest bid on her was $30,000. The United States Marshall having her in charge refused all bids under $50,000. The property was remanded back to the courts. Another sale will be tried soon. Geo. H. Rea, of Pittsburgh, and others, intending purchasing, were present.

—A few days ago we gave publicity to a suggestion that there be a bright light placed on the J. N. McCullough, as a warning signal to passing steamboats. The Madison *Courier* says: That won't do, as the McCullough has been run into twice since she has been lying there, notwithstanding the "bright light" placed on her as a warning signal to passing steamboats. A few more knocks like she received on Saturday night, and not a vestige of the McCullough will remain. She has been so badly damaged already that the only way to save anything will be to dismantle her.

River and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, November 28.—The river is swelling, with six feet and seven inches in the canal. The weather is clear, warm and pleasant.

MEDICAL.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post-paid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, POSTOFFICE BOX 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. my5:p&wT

"MANHOOD."—Another New MEDICAL PAMPHLET, from the pen of DR. CURTIS. The *Medical Times* says of this work: "This valuable treatise on the cause and cure of premature decline, shows how health is impaired through secret abuses of youth and manhood, and how easily regained. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, the cause and effects of nervous debility, and the remedies therefor." A pocket edition of the above will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Doctor CURTIS, No. 58 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md. jy11:d1

ADVICE to YOUNG MEN ABOUT TO MARRY.

Essays for Young Men,

On the Errors, Abuses and Diseases incident to Youth and Early Manhood, with the humane view of treatment and cure, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box Philadelphia, Pa. se22:x90-d&T

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Nov. 25th, 1868.

NOTICE.—IN ACCORDANCE with the provisions of Section Sixth of the Act of Assembly approved the 8th day of February, A. D. 1868, entitled "An Act to authorize the City of Pittsburgh to borrow money," and known as the "Water Extension Loan," notice is hereby given that the sum of Five Thousand Dollars, ($5,000) has been placed in the Sinking Fund in accordance with the provision of Section Fourth of said act, to be applied to the payment of such Bonds of said Loan as may be presented on the 1st day of December next. THOMAS STEEL,
no23 Controller.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, November 24th, 1868.

NOTICE—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing CARROLL STREET, from Smallman street to Railroad are now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, December 4th, when they will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
no24:n68 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, November 24th, 1868.

NOTICE—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing LIBERTY STREET, from Twenty-Fifth street to Twenty-Ninth street is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, December 4th, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
no24 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH AND ST. LOUIS PACKET LINE.—Boats leave every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, of each week, and oftener if throng of business requires. The line is to be under the direction and control of Captains John L. Rhodes, Wm. Dean, Emmitt McClure and James Rees. The object is to obtain regularity of time in departing, together with a uniform tariff of rates on freight, from Pittsburgh to St. Louis and all intermediate points. The following Captains and their boats have agreed to enter into and compose said line:

Steamer Leonidas.....Capt. Edward Evans.
Steamer Silver Cloud No. 2.....Capt. J. B. Conway.
Steamer Kate Putnam.....Capt. Geo. W. Reed.
Steamer Wasnita.....Capt. Thos. Shuman.
Steamer Glendale.....Capt. John M. Hare.
Steamer Lorena.....Capt. Samuel Shuman.
Steamer Bellevernon.....Capt. John I. Darrah.
Steamer Maggie Hays.....Capt. B. C. Martin.
Steamer Armenia.....Capt. A. C. McCallum.
Steamer Messenger.....Capt. Jesse Dean.

It is understood that the day of departure shall be strictly obeyed on the part of said boats, and the hour not later than sundown. And that time of arrival at all points or landings between Pittsburgh and St. Louis shall be settled upon as will best serve the patrons of the line, to give dispatch to business and regularity, which we think will be of great advantage to our business men and the general travel on our rivers; besides save much expense to our boats, while loading under the line regulations in three days instead of six or eight, as under the old rule of loading three or four boats at one time. If our object should be properly appreciated, we will endeavor to make the line work to the advantage of all concerned.

Through receipts will be given to all points where connections can be made with other good lines.

We most earnestly solicit the assistance of our business community. Very truly yours,

JOHN L. RHODES,
WILLIAM DEAN,
EMMITT McCLURE,
JAMES REES,
Managers.

no29:a47

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS—The steamer KATE PUTNAM.....GEORGE REED, Master. Will leave positively on

THIS DAY, 30th inst., at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK.
no26 Or, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

SHIPPERS AND CONSIGNEE'S LINE.

PITTSBURGH AND ST. LOUIS BARGE CO.—

For Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

Leaves THIS DAY, November 30th.

The staunch and powerful tow-boat

TOM. FARROW AND BARGES,

Capt. CHAS. MATTHEWS.

Through receipts given to Memphis and New Orleans. Also to all points on Cumberland river, at lowest rates.

Shippers can depend on having their freight forwarded with dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO OHIO RIVER AND ST. LOUIS SHIPPERS—Will leave on SATURDAY, POSITIVELY, and will go through without detention from ice, reports to that effect notwithstanding.

Remember the TOM FARROW will take all Memphis and New Orleans freight offering, reshipping at Cairo on first class steamers.

no25 CHARLES BARNES, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street,

DAILY, AT 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,
BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by
se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR CAIRO, MEMPHIS and NEW ORLEANS—The fine steamer R. C. GRAY.....Capt. ISAAC WHITKBR. Will leave as announced above on

THIS DAY, November 30th.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
no23 JNO. FLACK, or J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

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GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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One month. 75	Six mos . 1.50	5 copies, each. 1.25
By the week (from carrier.)	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15 —and one to Agent.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year, $1.50; in clubs of five, $1,25; in clubs of ten, $1,15, and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Letter No. 3 from Mrs. Jane G. Swisshelm, Interesting Miscellany. Third page: Financial Affairs in New York, Markets by Telegraph, Imports, River News. Sixth page: Finance and Trade, Petroleum Affairs. Seventh page: Allegheny City Poor Farm, Amusement Directory.*

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 135⅜.

IT IS announced that another Republican journal is to be published at Beaver, to be styled *The Radical*, with M. S. QUAY, Esq., for its editor.

PUGH, the Democratic Judge of Franklin county, Ohio, has been held in $5,000 bail for trial at Cincinnati. He will not issue any more fraudulent naturalization papers at present.

AFTER the first day of January next, voluntary bankruptcies will be refused unless the assets pay fifty per cent of the debts, or a majority of the creditors give a written consent.

THE REPRESSION of a rebel organization at Levier county, Arkansas, is represented by the sympathizing *Appeal*, of Memphis, as another Radical outrage. We hope to hear of more of them.

THE city of New York holds its Charter election to-morrow. The "Ring" nominee for Mayor, A. OAKEY HALL, is opposed by Col. F. A. CONKLING, but we have no reason to anticipate his defeat.

A NEGRO Representative, from the Second District of Louisiana, will present himself at Washington next Monday, with the proper credentials to assert his election for the unexpired term of this Congress.

ON OUR Second page to-day will be found the third letter of a promised series from Mrs. JANE G. SWISSHELM. The attention of our lady readers is especially invited towards it, as it will prove highly interesting,

JOINT RESOLUTIONS from the Legislature of Vermont, in honorable remembrance of the late THADDEUS STEVENS, have been duly certified to GOV. GEARY, at Harrisburg. These resolutions speak of the distinguished dead as a son of Vermont, and pay a deserved tribute to his public services.

WE ARE quite content to credit the report that President GRANT will recommend the engrafting of the One Term principle into the Constitution. This has ever been a favorite dogma with our party, and Mr. LINCOLN would have illustrated it, had not an inevitable necessity otherwise constrained him.

IN the case of Mississippi an embarrassing question presents itself. The Convention will call upon Congress to accept its reconstruction as completed, in the face of the previous announcement by the Commanding General that the Constitution was defeated. The facts of the case have been already laid before our readers and Congress will doubtless be guided thereby.

THE UNFRIENDLY allegations against the Union Pacific Railway Company are substantially this: That, in their haste to prosecute the extension of their track, they have omitted some of the requisites of a first-class structure, in the way of solid bridges, sufficient ballast, the avoidance of reverse curves, &c. The report of the Examining Commission will presently show how far these allegations have a just foundation. In the meantime, the Treasury subsidy for eighty miles is withheld.

VERY LITTLE opposition is anticipated to such a continuance of the Freedmen's Bureau organization, after the first day of January, as shall maintain its educational features substantially as at present, until these provisions shall be effectually replaced by adequate State legislation. As for the civil rights of the enfranchised, President GRANT'S administration will secure protection and peace for all citizens, irrespective of their former condition. Before 1873, his policy in that regard will be cordially supported by the very States most deeply interested.

THE President's message, to be laid before Congress, at the opening of the regular session next week will, possess unusual interest in its exposition of important topics in our foreign policy. In addition to a full history of the negotiations for the settlement of the Alabama claims, and all the information yet at hand upon the Paraguayan question, the country will also learn the views of the Administration relative to the agitation in Cuba, the ultimate results of which may have great interest for our people. Will it be hoping for too much from Mr. Johnson's wisdom, to expect that he will refrain from an interminable disquisition upon his thrice dead "policy" of reconstruction, and in place thereof, inform and gratify his countrymen with a statesman-like report upon other matters of living and absorbing interest.

THE OFFICIAL CANVASS of the recent vote in Louisiana gives SEYMOUR 13,447 majority, throwing out the entire poll of eleven counties, or parishes, as they are locally designated, "for informality in the manner of making the returns." If the vote of this State be challenged, in the canvass of the electoral votes by Congress, in February, the objection then made will go beyond that "informality." The "election" will be regarded as no more valid than the "returns" purporting to be made from it. The probability of such a challenge is increased, in view of the fact that the Congressional elections of Louisiana occurred on the same day and at the same polls, and Congress cannot avoid action upon the inevitable and just demand that the whole delegation be rejected as the creatures of a disgraceful farce. And members of the House, to be consistent, cannot and will not avoid the issue, when made in the other form, in the joint meeting of the two Houses. The House will maintain its right to purge itself by equally disputing the electoral vote. The question comes up at this session on the election to fill the vacancy in the Second District, and this may be regarded as fortunate.

IN OUR local columns will be found the substance of a petition about to be presented to the City Council by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company, for the vacation of several important public thoroughfares. It would be well that the members exercise more than ordinary caution in dealing with the questions which will grow out of the subject. Hasty action is not required, and due time should be spent in inquiring into the advantages and disadvantages of the propositions submitted for approval or rejection. We think it would be largely conducive to the interests of the city to have all of the lines of railway which enter it from so many directions center and connect at some particular place. It is in the province of Councils, perhaps, to provide in their negotiations with the Central road for an outlet to the Connellsville road, which is now hemmed in on the Monongahela wharf and crippled for want of a connection with the Western routes. Legislation for railway companies should be general, not special; and, in providing for the convenience and accommodation of one, the interests of the others should not be lost sight of for a moment. We reserve any more extended notice of the subject until the petition is published in full.

WHAT SHALL THE LEGISLATURE DO!

The transformation of aliens into citizens of the United States—a process which is called Naturalization—is only performed under authority of the national government. There is, and can be, no State laws, dealing with this important matter. State courts do administer the naturalization laws of Congress, but this not by reason of State laws, but in virtue of Congressional enactments, whereby certain State tribunals are created, *ex-officio*, Federal courts, for this special purpose.

Section 8th, of an Act of Congress, passed April 14th, 1802, provides that naturalization shall be conducted in district courts of the United States; and then goes on to ordain:

"Every court of record, in any individual State, having common law jurisdiction, and a seal and clerk or prothonotary, *shall be considered as a district court* within the meaning of this Act."

This is the whole authority the courts of Pennsylvania have for exercising this Federal function. But the Constitution of this State, Article 6th, Section 8th, ordains that

"No member of Congress from this State, or any person holding or exercising office or appointment of trust or profit under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this State, to which a salary is, or fees or perquisites are by law annexed."

A Judge, Clerk or Prothonotary of a Pennsylvania court, having common law jurisdiction, holds a State office to which a salary or perquisites are by law annexed. The office or appointment of administrator of the naturalization laws, under the Federal government, is one of trust or profit, or both. This further may be said, that if the letter of the State constitutional provision does not interdict our Judges, Clerks or Prothonotaries from exercising any function under the laws of Congress, its spirit does. The manifest intention of the Congressional requirement is to separate those who officially serve the National government from those who serve the Commonwealth. It has happened that a citizen has been indicted and convicted under this clause of the State Constitution, for holding at the same time the offices of Postmaster and Justice of the Peace. Much more should a man be punished under this stipulation, for serving at the same time as a Judge or Clerk of a Pennsylvania court, having common law jurisdiction, and as a Judge or Clerk of a district court of the United States, whether actually or constructively.

Nor is it a sufficient answer, or any answer at all, to say that the function performed by officers of State Courts in naturalizing is not judicial, but ministerial. It has been decided by our Supreme Courts, both of the United States and of Pennsylvania, that the function is purely judicial. Like decisions have been made in various States. These concurrent judgments are abundantly sustained by the inculcations of common sense.

The conclusion thus arrived at is amply confirmed from other sources. The Supreme Court of the United States has made numerous decisions, going to the full extent that judicial powers cannot be delegated, and that the national government must exert its authority through officers of its own appointment. A few citations will suffice, though the number might be greatly multiplied.

In Martin *vs.* Hunter's Lessee, 1 Wheaton, 304, two points are held. 1. That State Legislatures cannot empower State Courts to take cognizance of matters arising under national law. 2. That Congress cannot legislate, and, if it did, cannot give State officers judicial power. The language is very explicit: "Congress cannot vest any portion of the judicial power of the United States except in Courts ordained and established by itself." This principle is necessarily derived from Art. 3, Sec. 1, of the Constitution, which provides "that the judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as Congress shall from time to time establish." This doctrine has long been held by both the Supreme and State Courts. United States v. Lathrop, 17 Johns. 4; Ely v. Peck, 7 Com. R. 239. This last was an action against a deserting mariner, in which the State Court had jurisdiction given it by act of Congress; but the Judges declined exercising it. 1 Kent's Com. 402, 403.

In Sturgis v. Crowninshield, 4 Wheaton, Rep. 122-193, Chief Justice MARSHALL held: "Wherever the terms in which a power is granted to Congress, or the nature of the power require, that it should be exercised exclusively by Congress, the subject is as completely taken from the State Legislatures as if they were forbidden to act." The same doctrine is held in the case of Houston v. Moore, 5 Wheaton, Rep. 1, 21, 22.

In Prigg v. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 16 Peters, p. 630, it is held: "The State officers mentioned in the law are not bound to execute the duties imposed on them by Congress, unless they choose to do so, or are required to do so by a law of the State; and the State Legislature has the power, if it thinks proper, to prohibit them." The officers here referred to are not judicial, but executive ones; for, it will be remembered, the rulings are that judicial powers are not communicable to State officers. But it follows from this ruling that State Legislatures may prohibit its Courts from executing any Federal function; and, from the decision cited before, that the exercise of such functions ought to be prohibited.

Under this view of the law it becomes important to inquire whether the Judges and Clerks or Prothonotaries, of Pennsylvania Courts are liable to punishment for improperly or corruptly administe ing the Naturalization laws of Congress; and whether individuals are responsible for perjuries, forgeries and counterfeitings in obtaining or manufacturing fraudulent certificates of Naturalization.

PHILIP RUMP was indicted in the Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia for false swearing, in obtaining a Naturalization certificate. He was convicted, and the case taken by writ of error to the Supreme Court. It was urged by his counsel that the alleged false swearing was not perjury at common law; for to constitute perjury, the oath must be taken in a judicial proceeding, before a competent jurisdiction; that the power of Congress over the subject of Naturalization is plenary and exclusive; that the States possess no authority, independent or concurrent, in relation to it; that Congress cannot vest any portion of the judicial power of the United States in State Courts; that Courts of the United States exercise no common law jurisdiction, and hence, false swearing in Naturalization is a statutory offence, by Act of Congress. It was urged on behalf of the prosecution that State tribunals could administer Federal laws, when empowered by Congress and not prohibited by the proper Legislature.

Judge LOWRIE delivered the opinion of the Court to the effect that Pennsylvania Courts were authorized by usage, running back as far as 1740, to administer Naturalization, and, therefore, the prisoner was properly convicted. Whoever carefully weighs the reasonings by which this decision was arrived at, will perceive that it was unnatural and forced. What the Colonial Courts did, by sufferance or necessity, is not pertinent in this case. The Courts of this Commonwealth do not administer the Naturalization Laws of Congress in virtue of usage extending back to a period antecedent to the Constitution; but by express authority of the Act of Congress of 1802, quoted above. While, therefore, this is a decision of the Supreme Court, and will control until it shall be set aside, it is not a decision that challenges respect. It was made not in conformity to legal principles, but forced, as a remedy for an evil which would otherwise go unchecked and unpunished. This case is reported in 6th Casey, 475.

The Supreme Court of California, with no such stipulation in the State Constitution as that above recited from the Constitution of Pennsylvania, made up a clearly and cogently reasoned decision to the effect that proceedings in Naturalization before other Courts than those of the United States are illegal, and hence that criminal prosecutions for frauds or misdeeds of any kind in connection with the issue or manufacture of certificates, cannot be sustained.

In Ohio and some other of the States local statutes have been passed authorizing Judges and Clerks or Prothonotaries to administer the Naturalization laws of Congress, and prescribing pains and penalties for misdemeanor or wrong-doing on the part either of officials or private individuals in any part of the business. Under these local laws, many Judges and Clerks have recently been arrested on charges of criminality. No such laws existing in Pennsylvania, it is doubtful whether our Judges, Clerks or Prothonotaries are amenable to punishment, no matter how corrupt they may be touching this subject. If laws should be passed by the Legislature to remedy this deficiency, it may well be questioned, in view of the provision of the State Constitution and the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, whether they would not be pronounced invalid.

But the evils endured are so common and of such magnitude as to demand correction. Judges flagrantly disregard the proprieties of their positions, and all the ordinary and acknowledged rules of judicial proceedings. Regarding the duty as deputed to them, and under, at best, questionable authority, they depute it, in violation of right and decency, to clerks or tipstaves—after they become the subservient tools of party leaders, and run naturalization-mills to suit the conveniences of a political party, conniving at, if not facilitating, deliberate and gigantic frauds. Many Courts have become a stench in the nostrils of all honest men by complicity in these frauds. What shall the correction be for this evil? And how shall it be applied?

The Legislature ought to prohibit the Courts of this Commonwealth from administering the Naturalization or other laws of Congress, and to provide adequate penalties for violations of this prohibition. This would effectually stop the scandalous practices now witnessed in numerous instances in the State Courts. It would be in conformity with the spirit, if not with the requirements of the letter of the State Constitution. It would be in harmony with the powers of the National Government, as expounded by its highest judicial tribunal, from the beginning down to the present hour. Nor would it prove necessarily a hinderance to the process of rightful Naturalization, or subject persons applying therefor to inconvenience or additional expense. It would then devolve on Congress to revise its laws in relation to this whole subject, so as to meet the progress of ideas in the country, and the necessities which have been developed by an influx of immigrants largely beyond the contemplation of the statesmen by whom the existing laws were framed.

Suggestions have been thrown out in various quarters as to what measures Congress ought to take, on different branches of the important question of Suffrage. We are disposed to add our contribution to the general stock. This will require more room than we can spare to-day; but we shall soon find the needful space.

BRITISH BUGBEARS.

It is objected, in some quarters, to the arrangement which our Minister is believed to have made with England, relative to the Alabama claims, that the agreement contemplates the adjustment of all existing demands on the part of each nation. The fear is therefore expressed that England will swamp us, before the Commission, with enormous demands, for damages of all sorts, and from all causes. It is enough to reply to this, 1st, that it is high time to have all these things settled on both sides; 2d, if England has just claims against us, they ought to be acknowledged and paid; 3d, the Commission should be, and undoubtedly is, so constituted that the ends of strict justice and impartial equity will be attained, in the interest of both parties; 4th, to do justice is the best of titles to demand the same; 5th, it would have been palpably unreasonable to ask an adjustment of one class of claims and refuse to settle another class, both equally sounding in pecuniary damages; 6th, our Minister deserves the thanks of his country for providing—if he has done it, as we hope—a comprehensive scheme for the final extinction of all such issues between the two nations; 7th, in this view, the Senate should only take exception to whatever features in the "arrangement" may be incompatible with the securing of the most complete and equitable adjustment of all existing controversies.

There need not be the remotest shadow of an apprehension that any trumped-up fictitious demands, for either English or American advantage, will receive the sanction of the arbitrators who have been selected. Nothing will be done in a corner, and whichever party has the bill to foot will stand clothed with a just liability therefor, before the world. And it is the peculiar merit, we trust, of the present adjustment, that each nation professes its readiness to pay all its honest debts—and no more. Nor do we believe that this adjustment will re-open any discussion upon the merits of such claims as that of the Springbok, *which have already been adjudicated* by the law-officers of both governments. It is only unsettled controversies which will be submitted to the Commission. So that bugbear need alarm no one.

It is worthy of note that the friends of Mr. SEWARD are even now claiming the protocol, as agreed upon, to be equivalent to an admission, by England, that she was in error in conceding belligerent rights to the rebels as she did. This is the Secretary's pet point, and the view now taken by his friends is very significant of his acquiescence in the arrangement substantially as it is. Of its general merits, some very sensible correspondent thus writes:

It will be found, I am confident, that the honor of the Republic has been maintained, and the interests of our citizens well cared for, if Mr. Johnson has followed his instructions. Some wiseacres may have to dismount from their hobbies, but the people will be willing to concede some minor points in the settlement of difficulties that have been causes of estrangement between the two nations.

THE OFFICIAL MAJORITIES.

The majorities for the respective Presidential tickets, as far as received, are stated below:

GRANT.		SEYMOUR.	
Maine	28,039	New York	9,963
New Hampshire	7,147	New Jersey	2,380
Vermont	32,122	Delaware	3,345
Massachusetts	77,276	Louisiana	13,447
Rhode Island	6,448	Kentucky	76,250
Connecticut	3,043	Georgia	45,253
Pennsylvania	28,898	Maryland	31,963
Ohio	41,190		
Indiana	10,146		
Illinois	51,150		
Minnesota	15,549		
Nebraska	4,290		
South Carolina	17,163		
Wisconsin	24,298		
Alabama	4,780		
Michigan	30,855		

RAILWAY ITEMS.

It is stated that the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway Company have effected a permanent lease of the Morris & Essex road through New Jersey. This, if true, opens a new and quite direct route from the West to New York.

The Tyrone & Clearfield road is already completed to the latter point.

GRANT AND THE XIVTH ARTICLE.

A dispatch from Washington to the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says:

The idea prevalent that General Grant is always taciturn, is quite erroneous. There are persons with whom he converses freely, and on political as well as other topics. To-day, in an interview with a friend, he said he thought the result of the election had had a salutary effect on the country, and that already it is quieting down. He apprehended no trouble in the future, and believed that the condition of the country would soon show an improvement. He said he was anxious for peace, but that so far as he was concerned, the rights of all classes of people and communities should be respected.

Referring incidentally to the Fourteenth Amendment, he said that after the next census, in accordance with its provisions, Kentucky and Maryland would suffer a loss in representation if they refused to allow negroes the right of suffrage. "It will be a bitter pill for them," continued the General, laughing, "but I reckon they will have to stand it."

This statement confirms our impression that the action of the two States specified, in the election of members for the next Congress without regard to the XIVth Amendment, will have the proper remedy applied before the impending session closes.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ARCTIC EXPLORATIONS. In the years 1853, '54, and '55. By Elisha Kent Kane, M. D., U. S. N. Hartford, R. W. Bliss & Co. 1868.

More than ten years ago this book first made its appearance, and was without doubt the great literary sensation of the season. No book referring to Arctic research ever met with so large or speedy a sale; no explorer ever was more thoroughly sympathized with by the general public than was its talented and accomplished young author, who fell an early victim to his Ishmaelitic proclivities.

The book has for years been out of print, and many of those who have sought it in vain at the bookstores will welcome this new and beautiful edition. We believe all the engravings of the old edition are embraced in the new, and the paper and letter press are just as attractive as ever. To speak of the merits of the narrative would be a thankless task, and to criticise it would be almost as bad as criticising Shakespeare, so well known is it. A short biographical sketch of Dr. Kane by Prof. Shields, of Princeton College, forms a welcome addition to the present edition, which is sold only by subscription, and citizens of this neighborhood will be furnished with an opportunity to secure it, by the energetic lady who has undertaken the agency.

The same lady is also agent for Horace Greeley's Recollections of a Busy Life, which we have already noticed at length.

THE New Orleans *Republican* says the Republican party in Louisiana is to-day larger in numbers than ever before. In every parish where peace and order prevailed prior to election, its majorities for Grant were large. Witness St. Charles, St. James, St. John Baptist, Iberville, Terrebonne, Tensas, Madison, Concordia, Carroll and others too numerous to repeat. Where Republicans have been freely murdered, and Republican presses destroyed, there are large majorities for Seymour. We should suppose that decent Democrats would blush at such a result; but that is their affair, and not ours.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORMS.

Relieved and Cured.

Sick Headache and Derangement of the Stomach,
Attacks of Jaundice and Billiousness
Removed and permanently cured.
General Debility, Habitual Costiveness,
Every form of Liver Complaint,
Nausea, Heartburn or Water Brash, and
Troubles of the Digestive Organs
Speedily, surely and efficiently cured.

Liver Complaint, Swimming of the Head,
Indigestion, Depression of Spirits,
Variable and uncertain Appetite,
Every symptom of Dyspepsia
Relieved by Dr. Sargent's Anti-Dyspeptic & Liver

Pills. They have effected many cures.
In every case they have given relief.
Let no family be without this remedy.
Look to it that you get no other and much
Sickness and pain will be prevented.

PREPARED AND SOLD BY

GEORGE A. KELLY,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

corner Wood street and Second avenue, Pittsburgh.

NATURE'S GREAT ALLY.

It took the world nearly two thousand years to discover and remedy one of the most fatal errors that mankind has ever believed in. From the time of Galen, to a comparatively very recent date, it was supposed that, in order to cure a disease, it was necessary to weaken the already enfeebled patient by artificial means. Bleeding, blistering, violent purgation and salivation were the main reliance of the faculty, not more than fifty years ago. Restoratives were only administered as supplementary agents, after the lancet, cantharides, jalap and calomel had done their depleting work. Modern science has effected a salutary reform in medical treatment. In place of the nauseous doses once administered in cases of indigestion, billiousness, constipation, sick headache, nervousness, intermittent fever, &c., HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are now given with the utmost confidence and the happiest results. The reason why this admirable botanical preparation has superseded the debilitating poisons of the old *materia medica* are these: it combines the properties of a wholesome tonic, with those of a gentle cathartic, an anti-billious agent, a nervine, and a blood depurent. Thus, while it keeps the bowels free, regulates the liver, and purifies the current of life, it sustains the physical strength of the invalid, and by this means the expulsion of disease and the restoration of constitutional vigor go on together.

At this season when intermittent and remittent fevers, with other complaints arising from a damp, mephitic atmosphere, are prevalent, a course of the BITTERS is the best means of protecting the system from an attack.

A FACT OF GREAT VALUE.

No one can be too often impressed with the truth of all disorders which mankind are prone to, none are of more prevalence at this season of the year than those which manifest themselves in the lungs and pulmunary organs. Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP is a speedy and infallible cure in all recent cases of coughs and lung diseases, and DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE in cases of long standing and great obstinacy, will be found of inestimable value. There is scarcely a house or family in Pittsburgh that cannot testify to its merits, and instead of a person wasting time on other inert and inappropriate remedies, let them walk themselves to Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood street, where they will find the right medicine adapted to their cure. The Doctor has a long experience in medicine, and in these lung cases, he has given signal proof of his great ability and thorough knowledge of all those diseases in which the lungs take a prominent part. His residence in Pittsburgh is over twenty years, and the value of his remedies is extended wherever coughs are prevalent and lung diseases to be cured.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 140 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M.

November 26, 1868.

Opinions of the Press.

(From the Columbia Republican.)

Of all the candidates thus far named we have no hesitation in announcing our undoubted preference in behalf of the Hon. Galusha A. Grow. Practical, steady, reliable, and with large experience in public affairs, he combines all the qualities requisite for a good and acceptable Senator.

(From the Stroudsburg Jeffersonian.)

Honest and capable beyond a peradventure, true to the principles which underlie Republicanism and our country's best interests as is the needle to the pole, rich in a legislative experience rendered memorable by untiring exertion in the cause of freedom and progress, and fitted thereby to represent us in a manner which could not but reflect credit upon us, the Hon. Galusha A. Grow is decidedly the man who should be chosen.

(From the Waynesburg Messenger.)

The Republican papers are busy discussing the merits of the U. S. Senator from this State. We think that the West is entitled to it. We have not much choice between several of the candidates, Moorhead, Marshall, Carnahan. Either of them would make a good one.

(From the Carlisle Herald.)

Among all the names that have been mentioned in connection with this position, none has struck as more eminently fit and proper than that of the Hon. John Scott, of Huntingdon. No man in the State stands higher in the estimation of the people wherever he is known, and no one would carry into the position more capacity or higher integrity.

(From the Wilkesbarre Record.)

Pennsylvania can afford to disregard county lines in the selection of cundidates and look to the north for her Governors and United States Senators.

There is a strong effort made in various parts of the State in favor of Hon. Galusha A. Grow. No man in the State so richly deserves the honor of that position, for Mr. Grow has been one of the most able, energetic and consistent of the founders of the Republican party. No Pennsylvanian is better known outside her bounds,

For Governor the young men of the State are looking to W. W. Ketcham, Esq., to succeed Governor Geary. Mr. Ketcham, like Mr. Grow, is a self-made man, and one to whom the party is deeply indebted for aid in many a closely contested struggle.

(From the Lancaster Examiner.)

Thus far our faithful and patriotic Governer appears to have no competitor for the Republican Gubernatorial nomination. This is as it should be.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—A GIRL—Must come well recommended. Apply at 269 WEBSTER AVENUE.

WANTED—A few young ladies to learn TELEGRAPHING. For terms and particulars address H. H. GAZETTE office.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---SITUATIONS.

WANTED—Situation as Assistant Book-keeper or Shipping Clerk. Address, stating where an interview may be had, care Box 306, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

BOARDING—A gentleman and wife, without children, can be accommodated with an unfurnished room and boarding by making inquiry at No. 74 MARTIN STREET, Allegheny city.

BOARDING.—FRONT ROOMS, with boarding, in a house just opening, can be had by calling at No. 218 ROBINSON STREET, Allegheny.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentleman at 68 FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

LOST.

LOST—A Muff, in one of the Pleasant Valley Railway Cars on SATURDAY, November 21st. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at No. 171 NORTH AVENUE, Allegheny city.

LOST—On Wednesday, the 11th instant, a WHITE AND LIVER COLORED DOG (Pointer), had on a collar with name of N. WILLIAMS. FIVE DOLLARS REWARD will be given for his return to M. & J. McKENNA, Brass Founders, No. 128 and 130 Third street.

FOUND.

FOUND—In Summer of 1865, NEAR LADIES WINDOW, POSTOFFICE, a sum of money, which the owner can have by describing it. Address J. D. GAZETTE office.

TO LET.

TO LET—House in Allegheny—Six rooms and hall, rent $15 per month. Inquire of JOHNSTON & JOHNSTON, No 81 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, or No. 90 Manhattan street, Allegheny.

TO LET—Two well finished houses, with eight and eleven rooms on EIGHTH STREET near Penn. Enquire at 277 PENN STREET.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, with or without board. Apply at 34 HAND STREET, next door to Marble Works.

TO LET—Part of a good House, pleasant location, within five minutes walk the Postoffice, to a party who will board a man and wife for the rent. Address N. W. GAZETTE office.

TO LET—Two unfurnished rooms, with board, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, at 58 PENN STREET.

TO LET—A furnished Sleeping ROOM, suitable for one or two gentlemen, in the house of a private family, No. 220 LACOCK STREET, Allegheny city.

TO LET—ROOMS—With or without board, in a pleasant location, No. 269 Federal street, Allegheny City, on second or third floors.

TO LET—ROOMS, with Boarding.—Several furnished or unfurnished Rooms, with first class boarding, at No. 256 PENN STREET.

TO LET—Furnished rooms, within two squares of the Postoffice on SMITHFIELD STREET. Address L. M., GAZETTE office. oc21

TO LET—That beautiful new brick dwelling house, No. 204, Ohio Avenue, near Bagley's Lane, contains 8 rooms, bath room, finished attic, good dry cellar, fitted up with gas, water and other conveniences. Apply at JAMES WARD'S GROCERY, 58 Palo Alto street, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—$45 per acre will purchase a farm of 100 acres in BEAVER COUNTY, Penna., ¾ of a mile from Enon Station, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.; 75 acres cleared. 25 acres in timber, all underlaid with coal, good house of six rooms and all necessary outbuildings, orchard of 400 trees, all varieties of fruit, well watered by springs and a running stream, warm sandy soil, convenient to schools 7 churches within 3 miles, and a good neighborhood. The owner has moved west, otherwise it could not be purchased at the above price. Terms easy. For further particulars call on or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—Lawrenceville PROPERTY—The desirable property on PROSPECT, near BUTLER STREET Lawrenceville, now occupied by the subscriber; lot 48 by 100 feet; comfortable modern two story brick house of six rooms, good cellar, wash house, &c. Price low and terms easy if sold soon. Apply on the premises to EDWARD SEAGER.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and older outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or R. A. HOPE, Penn Station.

FOR SALE—A Melodeon and STOOL, that have been very little used, and which cost a few months ago $108. They will be sold very cheap. Address C. E. G. GAZETTE office.

FOR SALE—A new House with seven rooms, water and gas, and range in kitchen, at the corner of PRIDE and FORBES STREET. Enquire of W. WILTON, at the House.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANOTHER SPECIAL SALE

AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S,

To be continued until

JANUARY 1st, 1869.

THE PRICES HAVE BEEN

REDUCED ON THE ENTIRE STOCK,

And many articles below the

REAL COST.

The STOCK was never so complete or

BETTER ASSORTED THAN NOW.

OUR SALE LAST YEAR

WAS A

GRAND SUCCESS,

And we intend to make this one surpass any former one in

LOW PRICES,

AND

DESIRABLE GOODS,

We cannot enumerate

ARTICLES OR PRICES HERE.

Every person in the Cities and Surrounding Country should come and

SEE FOR THEMSELVES.

☞An extra force of Salesmen WILL BE ON HAND, AND NO EFFORT WILL BE SPARED TO HAVE EVERY ATTENTION SHOWN TO ALL WHO COME.

WE BEGIN TO-DAY

WITH THE

NEW LIST OF PRICES.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

77 and 79

MARKET STREET.

GLASS SHADES FOR FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT, Oval, Square or Round.

LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR STOCK. RANK INSURANCE, &c.—On TUESDAY EVENING, December 1st, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Salesrooms, 106 Smithfield street:
40 shares Pittsb'h Locomotive and Car Works;
20 shares Trademen's National Bank;
50 shares Central Transportation Co.;
5 shares Pennsylvania Insurance Co
Also, by order of Administrator, the following Oil Stocks:
9,500 shares Union Lubric;
750 shares Banner Petroleum.
no30 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

GLASS SHADES FOR FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT, Oval, Square or Round.

BARLEY.
2,500 BUSHELS
CHOICE SPRING AND FALL,
In store and for sale by
MEANOR & HARPER,
no30 329 LIBERTY STREET.

GLASS SHADES FOR FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT, Oval, Square or Round.

$5 REWARD—Lost on Wednesday, November 11th, at the BAPTIST CHURCH FAIR in Birmingham Town Hall, a SQUIRREL FUR CAPE. The finder will receive the above reward and thanks of the owner by leaving it at WEBER BROS., Jewelry store, corner of Carson and Ormsby street, Birmingham.

STAINED GLASS—P. Z. & D.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—We have in stock a large assortment of styles and various widths of thoroughly seasoned Floor Oil Cloths, which we are offering to the wholesale and retail trade at prices lower, taking quality into consideration, than can be had in this city.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth street.

GLASS SHADES FOR FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT, Oval, Square or Round.

GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES—We are now manufacturing this article of a quality superior in finish, and at prices lower than can be had of any Eastern manufacturers. Dealers will find it to their interest to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth St., formerly St. Clair.

GLASS SHADES—P. Z. & D.

CORN AND OATS—111 sacks Dry Ear Corn 15 sacks Oats, now landing from steamer St. Charles, and for sale by
no30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEA NUTS—222 sacks Pea Nuts On steamer Rapidan, to arrive and for sale by
no30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CRYSTAL CLEAR Glass Shades.

SHELLED CORN—92 sacks on steamer Havana to arrive and for sale by
no30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

HEMP—30 bales in store and for sale by
no30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SPECIAL PATTERNS—P. Z. & D.

JACKSON STREET—NOTICE IS hereby given that the VIEWERS REPORT on widening JACKSON STREET, Second Ward, Allegheny, is filed at No 16 January Term, 1869, District Court, for confirmation.
JOHN C. McCOMBS,
no28:a71 City Solicitor.

STAINED GLASS—P. Z. & D.

DRY EAR CORN—72 sacks to arrive on steamer Belle Vernon, for sale by
no30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞THE

FAIR

for the benefit of ST. JOHN'S CHURCH is now open at the MARKET HOUSE HALL, BIRMINGHAM. no30:a80

☞**MERCANTILE LIBRARY**

LECTURES.

GENERAL KILPATRICK

will lecture at LAFAYETTE HALL, THURSDAY EVENING, December 3d, 1868.
Subject—"SHERMAN'S MARCH TO THE SEA."
Tickets 50c. Reserved seats 25c. extra.
Doors open at 7. Lecture commences at 7½ o'clock.
Reserved seats can be secured at Lafayette Hall Tuesday evening, December 1st, at 7½ o'clock.

FOR SALE.
A GOOD BRICK STORE-ROOM,

with dwelling on same lot, for sale on good terms. Also, a small lot of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c. The location is first rate for a business of $10,000 to $15,000 a year; good Wheat country surrounding the village; good flouring mill in the village.
The above property is on the line of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland railroad. For further information address NEWMAN & CO., New Richland, Logan county, Ohio. no30:a76 d&F

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DIARIES FOR 1869. FINE SKY MOR. BINDING $1 to $3.50.

DIARIES FOR 1869. 32 mo., 24 mo., 12 mo., 8 vo. and COUNTING HOUSE.

DIARIES FOR 1869. TUCKS, GUM BANDS AND SELF CLOSING.

FOR SALE BY
ROBERT S. DAVIS,
93 WOOD STREET.

A VALUABLE BOOK

FOR EVERY

FAMILY IN THE STATE.

THE SCHOOL HISTORY

OF

PENNSYLVANIA,

FROM THE EARLIEST SETTLEMENT TO THE PRESENT TIME.

Designed for Common Schools, Academies, Colleges, Families and Libraries.

BY J. R. SYPHER.

WITH NUMEROUS ILLUSTRATIONS.

12 mo. Neatly Bound in Cloth. Price, $1.50.

N. B. A copy of the above will be forwarded, free, to any party sending two subscriptions, with $3.00 to Lippincott's Magazine, for 1869.
For sale by all Booksellers, or will be sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. Published by
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
715 AND 717 MARKET STREET,
no30:a77 PHILADELPHIA.

GLASS SHADES—P. Z. & D.

PROPOSALS.

The Building Committee of the WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE at Dixmont, Pa., will receive Proposals until the 10th DAY OF DECEMBER, for the erection and closing in "the Eastern Extension of the Hospital," according to the plans and specifications adopted and approved by them.
The plans and specifications can be examined at the Hospital until the time above mentioned for receiving bids.
Proposals must be marked as such and sent to R. MILLER, Jr., Chairman of the Building Committee, Pittsburgh.
Bids will be opened at the Hospital on the 15th of December.
The Committee reserve the right at their discretion to reject any or all bids not deemed to the interest of the institution or satisfactory to the committee. By order of the
no24-a55 BUILDING COMMITTEE.

PAPER. PAPER.
Printing, Straw,
Rag, Glass,
Carpet,
ROOFING, HARDWARE AND MANILLAS,
Manufactured and sold by
FRAZIER, METZGER & CO.,
82 THIRD AVENUE.
☞CASH PAID FOR ROPE, RAGS AND OLD PAPERS. oc28-z56MF

FURS! FURS!!

CHOICE AND FRESH,

AT

M'CORD & CO.'S.,

no24 131 WOOD STREET.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. no19

JUST RECEIVED.

New Styles LADIES LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.

FANCY RIBBONS COCKADES AND BOWS.

All widths of SATIN AND SATIN PLAID RIBBONS.

LADIES SILK SCARFS, in all widths.

Also, full lines of Ladies' and Gents Underwear

AT EATON'S,

No. 17 Fifth Avenue.

J. E. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT..... E. A. BRATT.

SWINT, BRATT & CO.,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING, of all descriptions, done. oc9:v36

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

Office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET.
☞All orders promptly attended to.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAKING STOCK.

PRICES OF CARPETS

GREATLY REDUCED!

Our Stock is now unusually large and well assorted in every line.

We offer great inducements to buy now.

M'CALLUM BROTHERS,

51 FIFTH AVENUE.

no30

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

WILL OPEN TO THE

WHOLESALE TRADE

on or about TUESDAY, December 1st, and the

RETAIL TRADE

on THURSDAY, December 3d, one of the FINEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCKS OF

HOLIDAY GOODS

ever brought to this city, consisting of

FANCY WORK BOXES, LADIES NECESSARIES, WATCH STANDS,
JEWELRY BOXES, GLOVE BOXES, PERFUME STANDS.
A fine lot of WAX and CHINA DOLLS,
FANCY SETTS, PINS AND EAR-RINGS,
CIGAR STANDS. Also, CIGAR CASES.
INK STANDS, WRITING DESKS, DRESSING CASES, FANCY PORTMONAIES, etc.

☞Remember the place

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
no30

SPECIAL BARGAINS

IN

Dress Goods,

HEAVY POPLINS,

ALPACAS,

MOHAIRS, &c., &c.,

AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

At 12 1-2c. Good Dark Delaines.

COUNTRY BLANKETS,
COUNTRY FLANNELS,
SHIRTING FLANNELS,
CASSIMERES, &c., &c.

AT 25c. HEAVY ALL WOOL PLAID FLANNEL.

PAISLEY SHAWLS,

PLAID SHAWLS,

Chinchilla Cloakings, &c.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

no30

WM. MILLER,

(Late Miller & Ricketson,)

Nos. 221 AND 223,

Corner Liberty and Irwin Streets,

Offer to the trade at Low Figures:

150 pkgs. of NEW MACKEREL, in barrels, halves, quarters and kits.
100 chests choice YOUNG HYSON, JAPAN and IMPERIAL TEAS.
50 sacks choice RANGOON RICE.
25 bbls. choice CAROLINA RICE.
75 bbls. LONG ISLAND SYRUP.
50 bbls. SYRUP, choice brands.
100 bbls. N. O. MOLASSES.
50 bbls. BERMUDA MOLASSES.
200 bbls. REFINED SUGAR.
75 hhds. PORTO RICO, CUBA and DEMARARA SUGARS.
200 bags RIO COFFEE.
50 bags JAVA and LAGUAYRA COFFEES.
100 cases IMPORTED CLARET.
250 cases MOET & CHANDON'S CHAMPAGNE WINES.
SCOTCH ALE and LONDON PORTER constantly on hand.

H. RUH, Practical Cook,

Respectfully announces to the public that he will

On Saturday and Monday Next,

Open to the public the

DELMONICO RESTAURANT,

FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY,

It will be his earnest endeavor to furnish his patrons at all times with the most palatable viands which the market or the season affords. The LIQUORS, WINES of various dates, ALE, BEER, etc., will be their own recommendation.
Orders for fine Cooking for Weddings, and other Festivals, will, as heretofore, be promptly and cheaply attended to, requesting patronage.
oc9:v66 H. RUH.

ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the
SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,
the only true and easily regulated Governor made; perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCEVAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 79 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West.
se22:x96

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

47. HEADQUARTERS 47.

FOR

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gray & Logan,

NO. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Have now in store their fourth supply of WINTER GOODS, which will be found to be the largest and best assorted stock of

Boys', Youths', and Children's Clothing IN THE CITY.

OUR CHILDREN'S **DEPARTMENT,** contains full lines of the GARABALDI, GRECIAN, BISMARCK, BEN FRANKLIN & BLOUSE SUITS.

IN OUR BOYS' **DEPARTMENT** will be found the Metropolitan, Broadway and Harney suits. Also the new DOUBLE BREASTED REEFING JACKET.

Gentlemen will find the best assortment of CUSTOM MADE DOUBLE BREASTED ENGLISH JACKETS in the city of PLAIN AND FUR BEAVERS, CHICHILLAS, &c.

YOUTHS' DEPARTMENT.

Splendid assortment of ENGLISH WALKING COATS, METROPOLITAN Sacks and the D. B. ENGLISH JACKET

OUR OVERCOAT **DEPARTMENT** contains all sizes of medium and fine goods, in great variety.

☞We ask our patrons and the public to call and examine.

GRAY & LOGAN.
47 ST. CLAIR STREET.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS

ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHERS

OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

OYSTER, WATER, BUTTER, SUGAR, SODA, CREAM, SCOTCH and LEMON BISCUITS.

For Sale by Every Grocer in the City.

Bakery, No. 91 Liberty St.
no12

REMOVAL—ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 1st

W. P. MARSHALL

Will remove his stock of

WALL PAPERS,

from the old stand No. 87 WOOD STREET, to the newly fitted and elegant store house,

NO. 191 LIBERTY STREET,

a few doors above ST. CLAIR. no17

1869. **DIARIES.** 1869.

FOR SALE AT THE

STATIONERY ESTABLISHMENT OF W. S. HAVEN & CO.,

CORNER WOOD STREET AND THIRD AVENUE.

no26:a61

CALL AND EXAMINE THE large assortment of
FANCY COAL HODS AND VASES,
FIRE IRONS AND STANDS,
FENDERS, &c.

Also, KARNS' PATENT CHURN ATTACHMENT at the Hardware store of

WHITESIDES & DRUM,
no17 79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

WM. HUGHES.

LATE 608 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

Informs his friends and patrons in Pittsburgh that he is now connected with

EDWARD P. KELLY,

South-east corner of CHESTNUT and SEVENTH STREETS, the PRINCIPAL MERCHANT TAILOR OF PHILADELPHIA, and can now furnish them with clothes SUPERIOR in every respect to those he has heretofore given them, and at MODERATE PRICES. oc23:z35

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pittsburgh, November 23, 1868.

NOTICE TO PRINTERS AND STATIONERS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 30th inst., inclusive, for furnishing Allegheny county with
Eighty-seven (87) Office duplicates for taxes of '69.
Eighty-seven (87) Treasurer's do do
Eighty-seven (87) School do do
Time of delivery to be specified in the bids and included in the contract.
Sample books can be seen on application. By direction of County Commissioners.
no24:a54 HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world Has all the strength of old rosin soap, with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.
e2:v57-MWF&F

FRESH FISH.—Benjamin Pul- PRESS still continues to fill all city and country orders for

FRESH WHITE LAKE FISH, SALMON AND BASS.

Send to No. 45 DIAMOND MARKET, Pittsburgh, or his old well known TWIN CITY STAND, Allegheny market oc30

DRAIN PIPE.—HALL & ADAMS' SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF

DRAIN PIPE,

All sizes, from one to twenty-four inches at WELDON & KELLY'S, agents for manufacturers, 14 Wood street, between Fifth and Sixth streets.
je15

FOR SALE,

FINE SEED WHEAT,

AT 349 LIBERTY ST.

au29 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

500 BUSHELS
PRIME SOUTHERN RED WHEAT,
To arrive and for sale by
se15 McBANE & ANJER.

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO., Pittsburgh, Nov. 23, 1868.

☞**DIVIDEND.—The President** and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS upon each share of the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, free of Government Tax, payable to Stockholders on and after December 1, 1868.
no24:a58 JOHN H. CLANEY, secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, Pittsburgh, Nov. 6, 1868.

☞**STOCKHOLDERS' SPECIAL** MEETING.—A special meeting of the Stockholders of the ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 26 Pike street, on TUESDAY, December 1, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., to take into consideration the propriety of cancelling the increase of Stock authorized by the Stockholders May 21 1867, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.
no11-s27 JOHN BALLANTINE, Secretary.

☞**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD** COMPANY

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2, 1868.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash, on and after November 30, 1868.
Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, 338 SOUTH THIRD STREET.
The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M., from November 30th to December 5th for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
no20:a46 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

WANTS.

WANTED—Two or more

GOOD MACHINISTS'

to canvas for the sale of a Steam Governor. Apply personally. P. BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny city.
no6:z94

WANTED—ON COMMISSION,

ONE HUNDRED TONS OF

POULTRY,

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

The highest market prices and quick sales guaranteed. Mark packages distinctly and send voices by mail.

H. P. BALLARD & CO.
Commission Merchants, 332 Washington street New York. no17:a31F

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.

PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND, Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND, Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

Fresh ground Old Wheat Flour.
White Star Mills, for family use.
Riverside Mill, for Bakers.
Stone Mill, for Bakers.
Ontario Mill, for Bakers.
Monitor Mill, for Bakers.
City Mill, Springfield, O., Family Flour.
Carey's XXXX Family Flour.
Mad River Family Flour.
OF NEW WHEAT.
Plainview Mills Fancy St. Louis.
Tea Rose Mills do
Clarke's Best Baker's Flour.
Keystone Mills do
Coronett Mills do
For sale by
WATT, LANG & CO.,
au28 174 and 174 WOOD ST.

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address
JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas,
Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,
au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE,

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

MANUFACTURED BY

The Allegheny Fertilizer Co.

SEWARD & CAMPBELL,

PROPRIETORS,

Office, 356 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

French Burr Smut Machines,

THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.

Portable Flour and Feed Mills,

BOLTING CLOTHS,

All numbers and best quality. For sale at

319 and 321 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. W. WALLACE.
au25

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, November 26th, 1868.

NOTICE—The assessment for Grading FORBES STREET, from Madison to Brady street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, December 7th, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
no26:a88 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

FRESH GREEN TURTLE, put up in cans for Soups and Stews ready for the table, received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW,
no23 corner Liberty and Hand street

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, HOSE, STEAM PACKING AND ROPE, (ROUND AND SQUARE.)—A full supply on hand. Sold to the trade on as good terms as can be had from the manufacturer. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

GREEN APPLES—125 barrels in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

PEARL ASH—50 casks No. 1 in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

SODA ASH—100 tons choice brands in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

CEMENT—50 barrels Hydraulic Cement in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

PIG LEAD—500 Pigs Soft Galena in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

MEDICAL.

HERNIA OR RUPTURE.

Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.

Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
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Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.

Marsh's Radical Cure Truss.
Ritter's Patent Truss.
Fitch's Supporter Truss.
Self-Adsusting Truss.
Dr. Banning's Lace or Body Brace, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri, Piles, Abdominal and Spinal Weaknesses.
Dr. S. S. Fitch's Silver-Plated Suspensorter.
Pile Props, for the support and cure of Piles.
Elastic Stockings, for weak and varicose veins.
Elastic Knee Caps, for weak knee joints.
Ankle Supporters, for weak knee joints.
Suspensory Bandages.

SELF-INJECTING SYRINGES.
SELF-INJECTING SYRINGES.
SELF-INJECTING SYRINGES
SELF-INJECTING SYRINGES
Also, every kind of Syringes.

Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood St.

SUSPENSORY BANDAGE,
SUSPENSORY BANDAGES,
SUSPENSORY BANDAGES,
SUSPENSORY BANDAGES,
A dozen different kinds.
A dozen different kinds.
A dozen different kinds.

At Dr. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood Street.

☞Drug Store, No. 140 WOOD STREET, sign of the Golden Mortar. Persons writing for Trusses should send the number of inches around the body, immediately over the rupture.

☞DR. KEYSER will give his personal attention to the application of Trusses in adults and children, and he is satisfied that, with an experience of twenty years, he will be enabled to give satisfaction. au31

DISEASED LUNGS.

There is no doubt whatever that diseases of the lungs, or ulcers of whatever sort, on any of the internal organs may be, and are frequently cured, and a complete condition of health established. If the elaborative functions, of which the stomach is the primary and most important one, are restored to a condition to do the repairing of the human system, ulcers or sores, whether upon the lungs, the liver, the kidneys or the bowels, or upon the legs, as is frequently the case, can be made to heal, and a complete standard of health re-established.

We have frequently seen these results from the use of Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, a pleasant and agreeable medicine, which will ripen up and carry out of the animal economy all effete and used up material. Dr. K. says that he has known the most distressing and harassing coughs, whose vibrations would threaten to shake the whole constitution to pieces, removed in the course of a few days. In long standing cases of consumption, or of others sometimes fatal, but always troublesome and annoying maladies, known as catarrh, chronic bronchitis, trachitis or pharyngitis, it is a wonderful alleviating medicine in the former and a sure cure in the latter disease.

DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE IS ENRICHED BY SOME OF THE MOST VALUABLE PLANTS AND HERBS KNOWN TO BE USEFUL AND CURATIVE IN ALL DETERIORATED STATES OF THE HUMAN BLOOD, and whilst it adds to its plasma, it at the same time stimulates, gently but effectively, the skin, the kidneys, the liver and the glandular system to sufficient action to enable the body to take on healthful action and eradicate the disease. The sick and afflicted should bear in mind the virtues of this great medicine, and if those who are sufficiently alive to the importance of health, will resort to it in the beginning of a cough or cold, there would be no falling into declines and rapid consumption, hopelessly incurable and so most surely fatal.

Sold by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at

Dr. Keyser's Great Medicine Store,

140 Wood Street.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 130 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.

au31 1868.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." "COLUMBIA" COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,

PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL, and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c., &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA..

Manufacturers of every descripti of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]

ANDERSON & WOODS,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,)

Manufacturers of every description of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.

Mill, Mulay, Circular Gang and Cross Cut

SAW PLATES.

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Railroad Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc.; Oil Drill Steel.

Office and Works—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STS., Pittsburgh, Pa. y28:d9

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Connecting Shafts;
Connecting Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Wimble Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House. PITTSBURGH.

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Planished Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Boiler Flanges, Nails, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 139 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper, cut to any desired pattern. my11:d&w6m

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no8:h69

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All Job Work promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets. Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. jal1:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

PITTSBURGH.

Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:128

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q5

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

FULTON MACHINE WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, of all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of 10, 12 and 16 horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

P. F. GEISSE, Wellsville, O.

Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. no6:h2

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donghamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consign pectfully solicited.

DYER AND SCOURER,

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 507 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. M. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 8 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders & Machinists,

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK

WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:l89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

BOLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

WARING, KING & CO.,

127 Walnut Street.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products.

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL' BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST. ap1:w20

H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

Brand—"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

HARDWARE.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers o

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURER OF

Keystone Standard, Patent Platform and Counter

SCALES.

Iamun Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches.

PAINT AND C FFEE MILLS, MALLEABLE IRON, &c.

Corner of Grant and First Streets,

au5:b84 PITTSBURGH.

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

my15:w36

FINANCIAL.

PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK,

OF PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.

President--HENRY LLOYD.

Vice President--WILLIAM REA.

TRUSTEES:

Henry Lloyd, Th. Wightman, R. H. Hartley, | Hon. Thos. Mellon, Geo. W. Hallman, Edward Gregg, | E. P. Jones, Wm. Rea, Hiram Stowe.

Secretary & Treas'r---S. F. VON BONNHORST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on time deposits. Deposits made on or before October 1st will bear interest from that date. Interest computed on 1st November and 1st May. iy31:t76

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

D. Hostetter, James Gordon, D. Wallnce, E. Fawcett, | Jno. C. Risher, Robt. H. King, Andrew Miller, James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

B. LEET WILSON, Cashier,

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:

A. Patterson, Wm. H. Brown, Chas. Lockhart, Allen Kirkpatrick, W. S. Haven, | George W. Cass, James McCandless, Wm. Douglas, Wm. Reed.

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

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Discounts Daily at 12 o'clock.

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, November 28, 1868.

The favorable bank statement shows the easy condition of the money market. Loans and deposits are increased, while the legal reserve has been only slightly reduced; as is, also, the gold balance by an increased export demand.

Gold opened at 134⅞, but advanced gradually to 135⅝, and became strong, more through a desire by speculators to keep up the stock market than any demand for legitimate business. So long as the Government continues to supply the market regularly every day, little danger exists of the scarcity of gold for cash deliveries, but so soon as the government sales are discontinued, a sharp pinch is expected independent of the actual demands of trade. A full supply of exchange is at present unfavorable to a material rise, whilo on the other side, it prevents the creation of a short interest by foreign bankers.

The government bond market was weak in the morning on the decline in gold, but became steadier when gold advanced. The demand for investment has ceased, since the price began to decline from the highest point on Wednesday, and for speculative purposes, the market is evidently too high.

Stocks are firm and still advancing, especially Fort Wayne, Cleveland, New York Central, Reading, Rock Island, and the North Western shares. Express stocks are bouyant and higher.

Money easier, and business dull.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135⅝; Eighty-one's, 114¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 111⅝; do, 1864, 107¼; do, 1865, 107¾; do, 1865, new, 110½; do, 1867, 110⅝; do, 1868, 110¾; Ten Forties, 105⅝; Railroads —Cleveland & Pittsburg, 88⅞; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 112⅜; Chicago & Rock Island, 109⅝; Chicago & North Western, 85⅞; do Preferred, 88¾; Michigan Southern, 89¾; Reading, 99¼; Erie, 39¾; New York Central, 128¾; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 31¼; Western Union Telegraph Co., 36¾; Merchants Union Express Co., 21½; Pacific Mail, 118; Adams, 50½; Mining shares—Gregory, 4,95; Quartz Hill, 83; Smith & Parmele, 4,30.

—We clip the following, in regard to oil, from the Titusville *Herald*, of Saturday: The market for Petroleum on the Creek yesterday was devoid of animation, and there was a wide difference between offering and asking prices. Prices at all points were more nominal. The New York and Philadelphia markets were quiet, and at three o'clock the tendency of prices at the former place was downward. At New York the latest quotations for refined S. W. was 35 to 36c, while at Philadelphia the same quality was quoted at 30 to 31c, showing a difference between these two markets of from five to six cents, when at times that neither of them is effected by other than ordinary speculation, the difference in prices between them does not exceed the fraction of a cent, or at the outside, one cent. The New York market shows that the "bull" clique which have been manipulating it, and which forced prices upward so rapidly during last week and last Monday and Tuesday, have moderated the movement very much, or else they have withdrawn entirely from the market. Whether the movement was, financially, a success to its projectors is not definitely known. If they sold out the stock they accumulated during and previous to the rise when the price of refined reached 38c, they must have realized handsome profits, while, on the other hand, if to sustain prices they were forced to take large quantities at from 36 to 38c, the profits, if there were any, must have been light. The effect of the movement was to put a great deal of money in the pockets of the producers, a great deal of which, at the best, would have, in all probability, remained locked up for some time to come in stocks of oil. The dealers and speculators in this vicinity profited largely, and altogether the Creek is well satisfied with the movement.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 134⅞; United States Sixes, 1881's, 114⅞; 5-20's, 1862, 111⅜; 5-20's, 1864, 107¼; 5-20's, 1865, 107⅞; 10-40's, 105½; 5-20's, January and July, '65, 110¾; 5-20's, January and July, '67 110⅝; '68, 110⅜; June 7-30's, par less ¼; July 7-30's, do ¼; August 119; Sept., 119; Oct. 118½; Union Pacific Railroad, 102; Central, 103.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, November 28, 1868.

GENERAL REVIEW.

During the first three days of the week the market for both Crude and Refined was very firm and very much excited, and, compared with the week preceeding, a still further advance was established. Thursday being Thanksgiving day, of course, there was nothing done, and Friday was not much better. To-day, also, the market was quiet though the sales were larger in the aggregate than yesterday, while prices were without decided change. Compared with the early part of the week, however, prices are off considerably, say from one and a half to two cents in Refined, and one to one and a half in Crude. The receipts of Crude during the week were 8,585 bbls against 31,869 last week; from January 1st to date 1,026,692 bbls against 687,402 same time last year. Shipments east Refined were 17,042 against 12,994 bbls last week; from January 1st to date 651,330 against 640,447 for corresponding time last year. Reported sales for the week 156,450 against 160,400 last week.

CRUDE.

The market for Crude continues quiet and a little weak, and prices, compared with yesterday, are a shade lower, and considerably lower, compared with the early prrt of the week. To illustrate, spot sold to-day at 11½c, against 12¾c, and even 13c on Tuesday and Wednesday, and the same will hold good in regard to future deliveries. The reported sales to-day were: 700 bbls, on spot, at 11½c; 1000 first half December (40 to 45 gravity) at 11½c; 1000 do December (40 to 45) at 12c, and 1200—on Friday evening—spot, at 11½c.

REFINED

The Refined market is quiet and rather offish, and future deliveries are a shade lower. November, however, is unchanged, being quoted steady at 11c, which is Friday's figure. December is off about a quarter, and "lines" for next year could not be sold unless a slight reduction was made. The sales were: 1000 bbls November at 32c; 1000 do at 31c; 1000 do at 31¼c; 500 and 1000 for last half of December, at 30¾c, and January to March is reported as having been sold in Philedelphia at 30c, January to June is nominal at 30½c to 31c, and we heard of all the year having been offered at 32½c. Private telegrams from Philadelphia report that there will be very few, if any, "shorts" in November contracts.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Erny, Jageman & Co., 350 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 349 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 725 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 447 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

McKee, Hackett & Co., 327 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bros., 300 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy Bros. & Co., 388 do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

H. Koehler & Co., 150 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co., 233 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co., 219 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 150 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweddle, 450 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 671 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co., 728 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 613 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

McCreery & Co., 527 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 290 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Buffum, Kehew & Co., 200 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 7097

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT

Union Ref. & St. Co., 68 do refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Kirkpatrick & Lyon, 381 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

A. D. Miller, 106 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Lafferty & Waring, 989 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 48 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co., 542 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 2134

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, November 28, 1868.

The general markets have been exceedingly dull during the past week, but hopes are entertained that a reaction will soon set in, and that the dullness and stagnation which have prevailed so long will soon have to give place to bouyancy and activity. The demand for nearly all of the leading commodities is restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, the stringency in money matters tending to restrict anything like a speculative feeling. In values there have been no important changes.

APPLE BUTTER—The demand is a shade better, while prices are unchanged at 70 to 75 in kegs, and 80 to 85 in crocks, as to quality.

APPLES—Market firmer, under the influence of an improved demand and diminished arrivals. We continue to quote at $3 to $4 per bbl.

BUTTER—Is in good supply and a little dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at 35 to 40c, for fair to choice Roll.

BEANS—Under the influence of increased arrivals are a shade easier, and we now quote at $3,50 to $3,75 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at 4½c to 5c, and demand more active.

CRANBERRIES—May be quoted all the way from $20 to $24 per bbl, according to quality.

CIDER—Quiet and unchanged at $7 to $9 per barrel, as to quality and size of package, for Sweet.

CHEESE—Is dull but unchanged at 17 to 20c, as to quality.

HOMINY—Sales at $6,50 to the trade, and $7 in a retail way.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand is a shade better, but prices are unchanged. Peaches at 12 for quarters, and 14 to 15 for halves, and apples at 9 to 10c.

EGGS—Dull, under the influence of increased receipts, and prices are lower—we now quote at 30 to 32c.

ONIONS—Continue very dull; small sales at $1,25 to $1,50 per bushel, as to quality.

HAY—Baled continues very dull, and with supply largely in excess of the demand; we continue to quote at $18 to $24, as to quality.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet, and unchanged at $1,75 to $1,80 for prime Red Winter. Rye is in better demand, and No. 1 sells readily at $1,40. Barley, also, is in better demond and higher, with sales of No. 1 Spring reported at $1,95 to $2, and Fall 5 to 10 cts more. Oats dull but unchanged; sales to dealers at 62 to 63, and demand light. New Corn is in fair demand with sales by the car load, at 70 to 75 as to quality and condition. Old Corn dull and neglected.

LARD OIL—Is scarce and in steady demand with regular sales of No. 1 Winter strained at $1,48 to $1,50.

POTATOES—Dull and unchanged we continue to quote at 70 to 75 by the car load in bulk, and 80 to 85 sacked.

TALLOW—Rendered, 11½.

FEATHERS—Sales to the trade at 75 for live geese, and 80 to 85 in a retail way.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged. Western Flours are still quoted at $7,00 to $8,00 for Spring, and $9,00 to $9,50 for Winter. Choice Minnesota brands, $8,50 to $8,75. The Pearl Mill quote their brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,20, and, in sacks, $9,80 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $8,00, and, in sacks, $7,70 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ALLEGHENY CITY POOR FARM.

Thanksgiving Day at the Farm—A Festive Occasion—Some Account of the Premises—The Inmates—General Notes.

A cordial invitation from the worthy Superintendent, added to a desire for a personal inspection of the premises, caused us to be found, in company with a number of others, aboard the train on Thanksgiving morning, bound for a visit to the Allegheny City Poor House and Farm. A pleasant ride over a smoothly built and well managed road brought us at the end of about fifteen minutes to Bennett's Station, on the West Penna. Railroad, two and a half miles from the city, from whence the farm is distant a few hundred yards.

The walk between the station and the house was quickly gone over, and we arrived just in time to witness the gathering of the inmates around the dinner table. On this occasion the fare spread before them was of an unusual character, and, indeed, one which would have satisfied an epicure of the most fastidious tastes. The kind-hearted Superintendent, feeling that the day should be made memorable above ordinary days to them, had put himself to considerable trouble in providing the sumptuous repast, and the well-ladened table, groaning beneath the weight of turkeys, meats, vegetables, pastry, and innumerable delicacies to tempt the palate, gave gratifying assurances of his success, and we doubt not but that if the benevolent citizens, from whom he had obtained these bountiful supplies, had witnessed the procession, as slowly one by one they for whom the feast had been prepared came in, and the pleasure which lighted up the faces of the most gloomy and stolid, they would have felt themselves well repaid for their generosity. The tables, of which there were three, two large and one small, were arranged in a large room used as a dining hall, one of the large tables being occupied by the women ranged on each side and the others occupied by the men. The first time they sat down we counted twenty-four men and eighteen women, and after the first company had eaten, the tables were re-arranged for another set. During the meal all was order and quietness, and after satisfying the appetite with the cheer each departed quietly from the room. At the conclusion of this scene the party, under the guidance of the Superintendent, D. T. Johnson, Esq., made a tour of inspection through the building and grounds, and obtained much useful and interesting information in regard to the premises and the management of the institution.

The building itself is an oblong structure, built of brick, three stories high and two rooms in depth. Running from end to end through the center of each story, is a large hall about twelve feet in width, from which communication is had into the different rooms occupied by the inmates. These large halls are intersected in the center of the building by two others equal in width and extending across the building. Access is gained to each story by a flight of stairs in one end and at the center of the building. The Home contains in all thirty-four rooms, in size about fourteen feet square, large, airy and cheerful. The eastern wing is occupied by the females, and the western by the males, with no communication between the sections, except from the lower floor. On the lower floor the rooms are taken up in the eastern side by the family of the Superintendent, and those on the western by the office, dining hall, kitchen, &c. One of the rooms is occupied as a shoemakers' and tailors' shop, and in this all the repairs to their articles are done by two of the inmates, who are acquainted with the trades.

There is also a blacksmith shop connected with the premises, in which all the smith work, except shoeing the horses, is performed. The knives which so neatly and quickly did the business of cutting up the turkeys, were made in the shop.

The rooms of the inmates, located on the second floor, contain each two beds, and are each calculated for four occupants. They contain a fire-place, washstand and other conveniences for dressing, and are each lighted by two windows. In the rooms occupied by the male inmates no carpet covers the floor, but in the female department female ingenuity and taste is displayed in this and other respects, and many of the rooms present an air of comfort and cheerfulness quite above what would naturally be expected of the occupants. Several of the rooms occupied by the women contain engravings on the walls, are comfortably carpeted, and are models of cleanliness, suggesting very forcibly that some, at least, have a lingering sense of self-respect, and verifying the sentiment that "woman can make the worst wilderness dear." The walls of the building throughout are kept perfectly clean by whitewash, and the floors of the halls, on the score of cleanliness, could not be found fault with by the most particular housewife. The building is an old one and for this reason somewhat dilapidated, but after a thorough examination we are constrained to speak of the manner in which it is kept in the highest terms of praise. Seperate from the main buildings is another smaller structure built of brick, two stories high and used as quarters for the insane and demented, of which there are some twenty-two. None of these, however, are allowed to come out of the building, but are under the care of a physician. Most of them are hopelessly deranged.

While going the rounds we gleaned some very interesting information in regard to the mangement of the institution.

Every-thing moves in regular order without confusion, which is the only method by which the affair can at all be onducted. At four o'clock an inmate, who has an alarm clock in his room to awaken him, rises and builds on the necessary fires in the building, ready for the cook and others who prepare the morning meal. At five o'clock, the bell is rung which is the signal for all to arise. Before breakfast they all dress for the day, and clean their rooms, after which about half past seven that meal is commenced. It consists of bread, molasses and coffe, and each is furnished with as much as will satisfy the appetite. They are allowed to walk about the grounds or building the rest of the morning, and are again called together at half past twelve o'clock for dinner. This meal consists of bread, meat, soup, and vegetables in their season, with water for the men and tea for the women. Supper takes place at 6½ o'clock, and consists of the same food as the morning meal. At eight o'clock the bell is rung as a signal for retiring, and thus the machinery moves on from day to day as regular as clock-work.

If any get sick they are placed under the Doctor's care, and of course the treatment of them in diet and other things is just as he orders.

The whole place is scrubbed out twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays, and the beds in all the rooms changed.

The building is surrounded by about sixty acres of land, twenty-six of which is under cultivation. It originally consisted of one hundred and four acres. The remainder has been sold and realized the sum of $90,280. The whole farm will be sold out, including the house, as soon as a new farm is purchased, which object is now engaging the attention of Councils, and will doubtless be carried out in a short time. It is calculated that the present portion of the farm will realize about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, which, added to that already received, will be sufficient to buy a new farm, build a commodious house, and throw about fifty thousand dollars into the City Treasury. The portion of the farm which is cultivated realized during the last year nearly fifteen hundred dollars, after furnishing the House with all the vegetables used in it. The estimates for the present year will fall somewhat short of this. The stock kept on the farm consists of three horses and eight cows, besides the poultry, pigs, etc. Everything about the farm is kept in repair and the premises displayed that order of neatness and thrift which spoke volumes in favor of the one man upon whom rests all the responsibility and care.

Before concluding this hasty sketch, we intended to have given some particulars in regard to the inmates, but already our article has gone far beyond its expected limits, and we must dismiss this part of it with a word or two.

In our examinations through the interior of the building we saw among the inmates, representatives from all quarters of the globe, Irish, Scotch, Germans, Americans, French, and African, all mingling freely with each other bound as it were by one single tie of sympathy. Most of them were beyond the sphere alloted to man, and fast verging toward the realities of another existence, and many of those with whom we conversed had strange histories to relate, out of which, thrilling and pathetic volumes might have been written. Verily "truth is stranger than fiction."

After several hours had been thus spent in examining the building and conversing with the inmates, the company convened again in the private parlor of the Superintendent, and from thence were conducted to the family dining room, where they gathered around the Thanksgiving board and partook of an entertainment which even the resources of the famed Van Tassel mansion could not have excelled. To say that the feast was enjoyed would be to express ourselves mildly. The company seemed to linger long, but all things must have an end and at last reluctantly they retired from sheer inability, we thought, to enjoy themselves in that line any more for the time. Reassembling in the parlor an hour or two sped swiftly by in social chat, which was interrupted by the approach of the train that conveyed the visitors to the city and separated them from the gentlemanly Superintendent and his estimable family, whose genial courtesy and home-like hospitality had made Thanksgiving day pass so pleasantly and profitably away.

The total cost of maintaining the institution is estimated at nine thousand dollars for one year, or about one dollar and eighty-five cents per inmate, each week. There are at present about ninety inmates, which includes those in the insane department.

Robbery at Wheeling.

WHEELING, W. Va., November 28.—The dry goods house of J. S. Rhodes & Co. was entered by burglars at an early hour this morning, and silks and velvets stolen to the amount of five thousand dollars. No clue has been obtained of the robbers.

Boiler Explosion—Man Killed.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 28.—A steam boiler in Reid's soap factory exploded this morning, carrying away the south wall of the building and damaging adjoining property considerably. An employe, named Cahill, was instantly killed.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions, (which are very simple, and require no restraint from business or pleasure.) Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at $3, or four quantities in one for $9. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERITZEN, 205 Second Avenue, New York. je13:l64-TTS

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This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. an28:p28

GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.—Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The humane views of benevolent Physicians, on the Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and Early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my18:q3&T

AUCTION SALES.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

EXTENSIVE TRUSTEE SALE OF MAGNIFICENT FURNITURE, CARPETS, SILVER PLATE, CHINA, GARDEN AND FARMING UTENSILS.—MONDAY MORNING, November 30th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold by order of Trustees, the entire household furnishment of the large mansion of Oliver H. Ormsby, Esq., at head of Caroline street, in East Birmingham, on the hill, comprising the greatest and most varied supply of furniture, carpets, household ornaments, pictures, silver plate, china, &c., which for years has been brought to public sale. The articles are all of superior quality, and in equal condition to new, embracing the rich and complete furnishment of parlors, reception room, library, chambers, halls, dining room, &c.

Among the magnificent articles are one large walnut Etagare, marble tops and mirror back rosewood and walnut Reception Chairs, rep upholstered rosewood Arm Chairs, marble top Stands and Flower Vase Stands, Velvet Carpets, elegant Lace Curtains and Window Cornices, fine Venitian Blinds, ornamental Brackets, part-inlaid Work Box, elegant decorated Vases, shell work and other ornaments; marble top rosewood Centre Table, marble top Pier Stand, walnut What-Not and ornaments, large Plate Glass Book Case, Arm Chairs, Spring Lounges, Chairs, Book Case and Secretary, Brussel Carpets, French Bedsteads and enclosed Walnut Wash Stand, marble top and elaborately carved walnut Sideboard, mahogony Extension Table, mahogony sideboard, Cane Seat Dining Room Chairs, walnut Desert Tables, Ingrain Carpets, Dining Room China and Silver Plated Ware, Bohemian Glass, China Vases, Oil Paintings, Fine Chromos, elegantly framed Engravings, New Drugget Cloth and Brussels Carpet, Hall Oil Cloths, Walnut Hat Rack, Ladies Marble-top Enclosed Walnut Writing Desk, Mahogony Wardrobes Bedsteads and Dressing Bureaus, Marble-top Rosewood Dressing Bureau and Enclosed Wash Stands, Spring Beds, Husk, Cotton and Hair Mattrasses, Oak Chamber Set, including marble-top Dressing Bureau and enclosed Wash Stand Bedstead, &c., Velvet and Brussel Carpets, Fancy Mantle Clock, Venetian Blinds, French China, Decorated Chamber Sets and Slop Jars, Fenders, Fire Irons and Stands, Coal Receivers, &c.

Also, the elegant Gas Fixtures throughout, embracing Chandeliers, Stained Hall Lamps, &c. Also, large Clothing Chests, Wire Kitchen Safes, marble top Pastry Table, Ironing Table, Cooking Stove and fixtures, extensive Kitchen and Wash House Utensils and Furniture, &c.

Also, Iron Figures and Urns for ornamental grounds, Iron Chairs, Rustic and Gothic Chairs, Force Pumps, Gardening and Farming Utensils, Spring Wagon, &c.

This very large and positive sale of every variety of elegant Household Furnishment will be found particularly attractive to every housekeeper.

no26 A. M'ILWAINE Auctioneer.

BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS

FOR THE MILLION.

AT

SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,

55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkable low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and ankiet shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods wartanted as represented no24

BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.

PALMER & PHILLIPS,

AUCTIONEERS

And Commission Merchants,

OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,

Dry Goods and Notions,

AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868.

Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.

Branch Office: PHILADELPHIA,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

DIRECTORS.

Jay Cooke, Philada.	E. A. Rollins, Wash'n.
C. H. Clark, Philada.	Henry D. Cooke, Wash.
F. Ratchford Starr, Phila.	Wm. E. Chandler, Wash.
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OFFICERS.

C. H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President.
HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
EMERSON W. PEET, Phila., Sec'y and Actuary.
E. S. TURNER, Washington, Ass't Secretary.
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M.D., Medical Director.
J. EWING, MEARS, M.D., Ass't Medical Director.

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J. K. BARNES, Surgeon General U. S. A., Wash'n.
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WM. E. CHANDLER, Washington, D. C.
GEORGE HARDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of the Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of insuring life yet presented to the public.

The rates of premium being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends and the misunderstandings which the latter are so apt to cause the Policy-Holders.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy-holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, *an annual income equal in ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the par of his policy.* The latter the Company agrees *to return to the assured the total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the amount of his policy.*

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Company.

Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company in Philadelphia, or the General Agents.

LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed TO THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts.

GENERAL AGENTS:
E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia,
For Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C.,
For Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, District of Columbia and West Virginia.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.
For further particulars address B. S. RUSSELL, Manager for General Agent, Harrisburg, Pa.
au25:mw&F

ENTERPRISE INSURANCE CO., OF PITTSBURGH, PA,

Office, No. 424 PENN ST.,

(IN NATIONAL TRUST CO. BUILDING.)

DIRECTORS:

Robt. Dickson,	Robt. Liddell,	W. J. Friday,
G. Siedle,	C. Van Buren,	F. Kirsch,
E. H. Myers,	J. Gangwisch,	Chris. Siebert,
L. J. Blanchard,	J. Weisser,	P. Schildecker.

E. H. MYERS, President.
ROBT. DICKSON, Vice President.
ROBT. J. GRIER, Treasurer.
J. J. ALBIETZ, Secretary.
el3:mwF

PENNSYLVANIA

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTTSBURGH

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
C. C. Boyle,	Geo. W. Evans,
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Jacob Painter,	J. C. Fleiner,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Ammon.
Henry Sproul,	

jy4:

INDEMNITY

AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., NEAR 5TH

DIRECTORS.

Charles W. Bancker,	Mordecai H. Lewis
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh29:w15

IMPERIAL

FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803. CASH CAPITAL PAID UP AND INVESTED FUNDS EXCEEDING $8,000,000 IN GOLD.

Insurance against Fire effected on Houses and Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, Steamboats, &c. Policies issued payable in gold or currency. United States Branch Office, 40 PINE STREET, New York.

All losses of the United States Branch will be adjusted in New York.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN, Agent,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Office, 67 FOURTH STREET.

MR. McLAUGHLIN is also Agent for the Manhattan Life Insurance Company. se5:v72

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr.,	Capt. Wm. Dean,
John D. McCord,	B. L. Fahnestock
C. G. Hussey,	W. H. Everson,
Harvey Childs,	Robert H. Davis,
T. J. Hoskinson,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays.	Capt. J. T. Stockdale.

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.
Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Acklen,	Philip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	

no27

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Rhoads,
John Watt,	Samuel P. Shriver,
John E. Parke,	Charles Arbuckle,
Capt. James Miller,	Jared M. Brush,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Wm. F. Lang,
James D. Verner,	Samuel McCrickart

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, Gen'l Agent.

INSURANCE.

OFFICE OF THE

DELAWARE MUTUAL

SAFETY INSURANCE CO.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11, 1868.

The following Statement of the affairs of the Company is published in conformity with a provision of its Charter:

PREMIUMS RECEIVED from November 1, 1867, to October 31, 1868:		
On Marine and Inland Risks.	$803,805 74	
On Fire Risks	145,205 06	
		$948,711 80
Premiums on Policies not marked off Nov. 1, 1867		404,495 71
		$1,356,357 51
PREMIUMS MARKED OFF as earned from November 1, 1867, to October 31, 1868:		
On Marine and Inland Risks.	$746,605 77	
On Fire Risks	148,217 72	
		$894,823 49
Interest during the same period—salvages, &c.		167,498 82
		$1,062,422 31
LOSSES, EXPENSES, &c., during the year as above:		
Marine and Inland Navigation Losses	$424,032 74	
Fire Losses	73,486 87	
Return Premiums	59,144 02	
Re-insurances	36,106 54	
Agency Charges, Advertising, Printing, &c.	30,536 68	
Taxes—United States, State, Municipal Taxes	43,535 89	
Expenses	23,908 65	
		$710,367 31
		$291,555 00

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY. November 1, 1868.

$200,000	United States Five Per Cent. Loan, 10-40's	$208,500 00
130,000	United States Six Per Cent. Loan, 1881	136,900 00
50,000	United States Six Per Cent. Loan, (for Pacific Railroad)	50,000 00
200,000	State of Pennsylvania Six Per Cent. Loan	211,375 00
125,000	City of Philadelphia Six Per Cent. Loan (exempt from tax)	128,594 00
50,000	State of New Jersey Six Per Cent. Loan	51,500 00
20,000	Pennsylvania Railroad First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds	20,200 00
25,000	Pennsylvania Railroad Second mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds	24,000 00
25,000	Western Pennsylvania Railroad Mortgage Six Per Cent. bonds (Penn. R.R. guarantee)	20,625 00
20,000	State of Tennessee Five Per Cent. Loan	21,000 00
7,000	State of Tennessee Six Per Cent. Loan	5,031 25
15,000	Germantown Gas Company, principal and interest guaranteed by the City of Philadelphia, 300 shares Stock, divided into	15,000 00
10,000	Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 200 shares Stock	11,300 00
5,000	North Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 100 shares Stock	3,500 00
20,000	Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co. 80 shares Stock	15,000 00
$27,900	Loans on Bonds and Mortgage, first liens on City Properties	207,900 00
$1,100,900 Par.	Market Value	$1,130,325 25
	Cost, $1,093,604 26	
	Real Estate	36,000 00
	Bills Receivable for Insurance made	322,486 94
	Balance due at Agencies—Premiums on Marine Policies—Accrued Interest, and other debts due the Company	40,178 88
	Stock and Scrip of sundry Corporations, $3,155. Estimated value	1,813 00
Cash in Bank	$116,150 08	
Cash in Drawer	413 65	
		116,563 73
		$1,647,367 86

PHILADELPHIA, November 11, 1868.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a CASH DIVIDEND OF TEN PER CENT. on the CAPITAL STOCK, and SIX PER CENT. Interest on the SCRIP of the Company, payable on and after the first of December proximo, free of National and State Taxes.

They have also declared a SCRIP DIVIDEND OF THIRTY PER CENT. on the EARNED PREMIUMS for the year ending October 31, 1868, certificates of which will be issued to the parties entitled to the same on and after the first of December proximo free of National and State Taxes.

They also declare a SCRIP DIVIDEND OF FIFTY PER CENT. on the EARNED PREMIUMS for the year ending October 31, 1868, certificates of which will be issued to the parties entitled to the same on and after the first of December proximo free of National and State Taxes.

That a CERTIFICATE OF PROFITS of the Company for the year ending October 31, 1864, be redeemed in CASH at the office of the Company, on and after first December proximo, all interest thereon to cease on that day. By a provision of the Charter, all Certificates of Scrip not presented for redemption within five years after public notice that they will be redeemed, shall be forfeited and cancelled on the Books of the Company.

No certificate of profits issued under $25. By the Act of Incorporation, no certificate shall issue unless claimed within two years after the declaration of the dividend, whereof it is evidence.

DIRECTORS:

Thomas C. Hand,	Edmund A. Souder,
John C. Davis,	Samuel E. Stokes,
James C. Hand,	Henry Sloan,
Theophilus Paulding,	William C. Ludwig,
Joseph H. Seal,	George C. Leiper,
Hugh Craig,	Henry C. Dallett, Jr.,
John R. Penrose,	John D. Taylor,
Jacob P. Jones,	George W. Bernadou,
James Traquair,	William G. Boulton,
Edward Darlington,	Jacob Riegel,
H. Jones Brooke,	Spencer McIlvaine,
James B. McFarland,	D. T. Morgan, Pittsb'h.
Edward Lafourcade,	Jno. B. Semple, "
Joshua P. Eyre,	A. B. Berger, "

THOMAS C. HAND, President.
JOHN C. DAVIS, Vice President.
HENRY LYLBURN, Secretary.
HENRY BALL, Assistant Secretary. no18:s40

REMOVAL.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, No. 89 FEDERAL STREET, entrance on Stockton Avenue.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

W. W. MARTIN, President
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. H. English	O. H. P. Williams	Jno. Thompson
Jno. A. Myler,	Jas. Lockhart,	Jos. Myers,
Jas. Graham,	Robt. Lea,	C. O. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	Geo. Gerst,	Jacob Kopp.

oct7:n34

BEN FRANKLIN

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

Office in Franklin Savings Bank Buildings,

No. 43 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Henry Gerwig,
Geo. R. Riddle,	Jacob Franz,	Gottlieb Faas,
Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whiston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jeremiah Kohen.

ap10:o35

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE

IRON CITY BUILDING ASSOCIATION,

FOR A CHARTER OF INCORPORATION, No. 501, December Term, 1868, notice is hereby given that the following order and decree was made by the Court of Common Pleas, viz: And now to wit October 24, 1868. Petition presented in open Court, whereupon the Court order and decree that notice of the order be given by publication in the Pittsburgh GAZETTE for three consecutive weeks; and if no reason be given to the contrary, at the next term of this Court a decree will be made incorporating said Iron City Building Association. By the Court.

MORELAND, MOORE & BEBE,
no2:z86M Solicitors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of administration on the estate of GEORGE CARNAHAN, late of the Borough of Temperanceville, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly probated without delay to

no16:a31M MOSES CHESS, Chartiers township.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

A FARM OF 20 ACRES, on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, 37 miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa. The improvements are a fine two-story brick house, with ten large rooms and hall. A large frame bank barn, with No. 1 stabling, and all other outbuildings in complete order. One of the best of orchards, of all kinds of fruit. The soil is rich new bottom. This property adjoins the village of Buena Vista, and has the advantage of churches, schools, mills, stores, &c., and will be sold at the low price of $15,000. The improvements alone are worth at least all that is asked for the property, to say nothing about the land, which is worth for garden purposes at least $10,000. For full particulars call at my office, or WILLIAM A. BELL, Esq., on the premises.

ALSO, A FARM OF 40 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, about 18 miles from the city. The improvements are a new stone dwelling, with eight rooms; a good barn and other outbuildings. This property is offered at a very low price. Call and secure yourself a good bargain.

ALSO, A FARM OF 120 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., 17½ miles from the city, on the Connellsville Railroad, opposite Elrod's Station, within 30 minutes' walk of the Station. The improvements are a frame house containing four rooms and kitchen, with a good cellar underneath; very good barn and other outbuildings. A No. 1 orchard, containing about 200 fruit bearing trees, all in good condition. 90 acres cleared land, the residue in good timber, underlaid with 23 acres of coal.

ALSO, A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE adjoining the Borough of Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pa., containing 4 rooms and kitchen. Lot 60 feet front by 126 back to an alley. A good Stable, wash house, bake-oven and other outbuildings. I am authorized to sell it at the low price of $1,800, on good terms.

ALSO, In the Borough of Elizabeth, a good two-story BRICK HOUSE, containing 4 rooms. Lot 120 feet square. Will be sold at the exceedingly low price of $2,500, on easy terms.

ALSO, My Farm, known by the name of "Willow Banks," situated on the Connellsville Railroad, 17 miles from the city, containing 79 ACRES, all in good condition. The improvements are a No. 1 brick house, two stories high, newly painted, containing nine rooms, two halls running through of the house. The house is situated on a beautiful knoll, is surrounded by fruit trees, shrubbery, vines and flowers, with a graded avenue running to the Yough. River. Also, a large frame bank barn, smoke house, wash house, coal house, bake-oven and other outbuildings, and a never-failing well of water. Two large orchards, containing from six to seven hundred fruit trees, nearly all in good bearing condition. This farm abounds in small fruits, viz: Currants, raspberries, gooseberries, and a fine large strawberry patch, which, in connexion with the richness of the soil and nearness to the city, makes it very desirable for gardening purposes. Very convenient to schools, churches, stores and blacksmith shop.

ALSO, A FARM OF 158 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., 31 miles from the city of Pittsburgh, on the Connellsville Railroad, at Suter Station. The improvements are a common log house, a good frame barn, with stabling for ten horses; a corn crib and wagon shed; good orchard of fruit trees; fencing very good. 120 acres cleared, the residue in heavy timber land. This farm is valuable—first, for its excellent soil; secondly, its timber; and thirdly, it contains more limestone than any other farm in Pennsylvania, all accessible. The lower vein of limestone is 40 feet thick; several other veins ranging from 3½ to 6 ft. in thickness, lie under the whole farm. For particulars enquire of ELI SUTER, Esq., at Suter Station, or at my office.

ALSO, 173 ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn 40 by 60 feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard: one hundred and twenty acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered, and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm.

ALSO, A beautifully situated tract of 60 ACRES of valuable land, under good fencing, situated in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., on a township road, 7 measured miles from the Market House, Allegheny City. This tract is well adapted for a garden or dairy farm, being convenient and of easy access to either city, and near enough to the line of the Mahoning Railroad to make it very desirable for country seats, for persons doing business in the city.

ALSO, The best farm in Young township, Indiana county, Pa., 4 miles from Western Penna. R. R. at Livermore Station, containing 300 ACRES—225 acres cleared and under No. 1 fencing, as well as fine farming condition; the balance in good white oak timber. The improvements are 2 two-story frame houses, nearly new, of eight rooms each and finished basements and attics; a large bank barn 50 by 80 feet, a two-story spring house and other necessary outbuildings, all in good order; 5 acres of orchard of choice varieties of fruits; 4 feet vein of coal (now open,) underlying the whole tract, and limestone in abundance, with plenty of springs of never-failing water. Taken all together—houses, fencing, soil, nice lying surface, public highway, churches, schools, mills, &c.,—I know of no more inviting and desirable tract of land in Western Pennsylvania.

ALSO, FARM AND MILLS. A small tract of 60 ACRES of very valuable land in Derry township Westmoreland county, Pa.; well fenced and in a high state of cultivation, with new frame dwelling, and other outbuildings; a new grist and saw mill complete, with two run of burrs, two bolting cloths, and all the needed fixtures, in good order, and a young orchard of choice fruits; lane is all underlaid with a six foot vein of coal, now opened and worked, at the back of the mill, and limestone in abundance. Call soon and secure a good bargain.

ALSO, FARM OF 160 ACRES, situated immediately upon the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Blairsville Intersection, 54 miles east of the city. The improvements are a two-story stone house of 8 rooms, a No. 1 barn, 45 by 65 feet, best of stabling and other outbuildings. The land lies well, is well fenced, is in good farming order, and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

For further particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,

No. 164 FOURTH AVENUE.

oc17:

FOR SALE.

1 Acre at Woods Run.
4 Acres and House in East Liberty.
8 Acres, unimproved, on Troy Hill.
2 Acres on Greensburg Pike.
5 Acres on Four Mile Run Road, 1¼ miles from P. C. R. R.
70 Acres near P. F. W. & C. R. R.
118 Acres near Pa. R. R., Westmoreland county.
90 Acres at Hill Side Station, Pa. R. R.
4 Farms in Preston county, West Virginia.
185 Acres in Armstrong county, underlaid with coal.
108 Acres and good improvements, in Trumbull county, Ohio.
900 Acres of Timber land, with Saw Mill and dwellings.
House and Lot on Center

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Meeting of Councils.—The Pittsburgh Councils will hold a regular monthly meeting this afternoon at two o'clock, at the usual place of meeting.

Committed.—Michael Weider was committed for trial by Alderman Mullen on Saturday, on a charge of larceny, preferred against him by Walter Schugart.

A force of workmen are engaged in erecting an addition to the Western Penitentiary. The addition consists of twelve new cells, and an apartment to be used as a library. The work will probably be completed this winter.

Hearing.—Alderman Butler on Saturday committed Riley Jackson for a final hearing on December 5th, on a charge of felonious assault and battery, preferred against him by Albert Cooper, the particulars of which have been published.

An Irate Female.—Jenny Wiggins alleges that Celia Burns, a resident of Virgin alley, threatened to tear the clothing off her person and made oath that she would employ the "rats" to stone her house until it was utterly demolished. Jenny fears that these direful threats may be carried into execution and hence made information against the fierce threatener for surety of the peace, before Alderman M'Masters, on Saturday. Celia was arrested and committed for trial in default of $500 bail.

The Panhandle Railway.—The Steubenville *Herald* says: "The trouble on this road, of late, though the accident in question was probably unavoidable, arises, as far as we are capable of judging, from the fact that the ability of the road is overtaxed, which is expected to be obviated as soon as the double track, now building on the east end of the road, is finished. In the meantime, we learn, to avoid complication, and of course diminish risk, a number of trains will be discontinued until the second track can be brought into requisition."

Severe Fall.—About nine o'clock Saturday morning, a laborer named Nicholas Voeghly, fell from a platform erected on a new building in Mulberry alley, and received injuries which will probably result in his death. It seems that while mounting the platform with a hod of bricks he lost his balance, and fell backward, alighting on his head, which was severely cut. The distance of the fall was twelve feet. Dr. Kearns attended the injured man, but entertains no hope of his recovery. The unfortunate man is married and the father of three children.

Alleged Fraud.—Patrick Regan and Jerry Regan are brothers. Jerry is proprietor of a saloon in the Diamond. Patrick went to the saloon a few evenings since and imbibed freely, and he alleges that while under the influence of the potations his brother Jerry sold him a comparatively worthless horse for the sum of two hundred and ten dollars, and that he also obtained his note for one hundred and fifteen dollars, notwithstanding all the remonstrances of Patrick's wife. Alderman M'Masters, at the instance of Patrick, issued a warrant on Saturday for the arrest of Jerry on a charge of fraud.

The funeral of Capt. James S. Palmer, who died from the effects of laudanum, on Friday, took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence on Ross street. It was largely attended, as the deceased was universally respected. The popular mind is settling to the belief that his death resulted from accident and was not a case of suicide. An analysis of the testimony, knowledge of his character, the absence of motive and the fact that he has long been suffering from a painful disease contracted in the army, which constantly required medicine, tend to strengthen the belief that he found death in an effort to obtain temporary relif from pain.

"Pleasant Valley" is the euphonious title given to a rookery of shanties up a stinking hollow.—*Mail.*

MESSRS. EDITORS: The gentleman? who penned the euphonious article on "Pleasant Valley" in Saturday's *Mail* should remember one fact.

Whoever carries a bad smell always with him will not fail to smell something wherever he goes.

Let the purification begin at the right place. CITIZEN.

Our neighbor of the *Mail* is sadly mistaken in his description of Pleasant Valley, as there are few more delightful places about our city, and the residences along it are as neat, handsome and elegant as those found in most neighborhoods.

New Military Company.

A new military company named the "Free Rangers" has been organized by old soldiers and others from North and South Fayette townships. Their headquarters are at Oakdale, on the Panhandle Railroad. The company numbers some eighty members, and as their uniform is pretty and attractive, they make a very good display. The following are the officers of the company: Captain, J. Woods Nesbit; First Lieutenant, W. H. McEwen; Second Lieutenant, William S. Robb; Orderly, J. B. Hollands; Sergeants, J. C. Barclay, Charles Briceland, James A. Morgan, Thos. Reed; Corporals, Jacob Jackson, Hugh Campbell, Americus Shafer. An excellent band of martial music has also been organized and the "ear-piercing fife and spirit-stirring drum" are frequently heard in the village of Oakdale and Noblestown.

Fatal Accident.

A distressing accident, resulting in the death of John Collins, a little boy four years of age, occurred Saturday about eleven o'clock, on Liberty street, near Marbury. A freight train was passing up the street, when the little boy, who had been on the opposite side of the street from his father's residence, at a confectionary was returning, and when crossing the track his foot caught in a "switch" or "frog," causing him to fall upon the rail, when the engine passed over him, mutilating his body in a most horrible manner and killing him instantly. The remains were taken to the freight depot on Marbury street, where Coroner Clawson impannelled a jury, preparatory to holding an inquest. The investigation was adjourned until this morning. The deceased resided with his parents, corner Third avenue and Ferry street.

New Music.

"DREAM OF HOME." Nocturne. Composed for the Piano by Mrs. H. Kleber. Published by Wm. A. Pond & Co., New York. Dedicated to Miss Annie B. Bissell.

This is a splendid instrumental composition, bearing in every passage the peculiar marks of the genius of its author, the talented wife of Prof. H. Kleber of this city. There is nothing very difficult to be met with in its interpretation by the ordinary performer, but throughout the entire piece pervades a softness and beauty of expression at times reaching a brilliancy which requires no extraordinary manipulation to be rendered with spirited effect. This piece will certainly prove popular in all drawing rooms.

"I'm coming, I'm coming;" song; words by Fanny Wildwood; music by Prof. Henry Kleber. Published by William H. Pond & Co., New York. Dedicated to Miss Hattie A. Jones, of this city.

A pretty scrap of poetry set to a sweet air and suitable for the voices of young performers, as well as amateur vocalists. Prof. Kleber's thorough knowledge of the human voice has enabled him in this contribution to his already large number of musical offerings, to overcome trouble experienced in the general run of songs, in obtaining one suitable for voices in the various stages of training and development.

DEDICATION.

The Third Presbyterian Church Formally Dedicated to the Worship of Almighty God—The Dedicatory Prayer.

Yesterday morning the new and elegant Third Presbyterian Church, Sixth street, was formally dedicated to the worship of the Almighty Being. There was present a very large congregation, and the exercises were of an unusually solemn and interesting character. Among the distinguished clergymen from abroad occupying the platform, we observed Rev. D. H. Riddle, D.D., of Martinsburg, West Virginia, the first pastor of the congregation, who held his place and pulpit for twenty-four years; Rev. H. Kendall, who succeeded him, now Secretary of the New School Home Missionary Committee, New York; Rev. Herrick Johnson, who recently severed his connection with the congregation, and Rev. Mr. Noble, the present beloved pastor. It was peculiarly gratifying, and at the same time an incident of more than ordinary interest, to see thus joined together *all* of the pastors that had presided over this comparatively old congregation since its organization. We need not say that the pioneer members of the church were specially delighted with the pleasurable reunion. Among the other guests present and participating in the exercises by invitation, we observed Rev. Dr. Hitchcock, President of the Western Reserve College, Hudson, Ohio, Prof. Cutter, of the same institution, Rev. J. W. Mears, D. D., the able and accomplished editor of the American *Presbyterian*, N. Y., Rev. P. S. Davis, Birmingham, Rev. J. S. Travilla, and Rev. Aaron Williams, D. D. The opening prayer, brief and eloquent, was offered to the Throne of Grace by Rev. Dr. Hitchcock, which was followed by an intensely interesting historical sermon, dwelling principally on a recital of the rise and progress of the congregation addressed, delivered by Rev. D. H. Riddle, D. D. At the conclusion of the discourse, Rev. Henry Kendall, D. D., offered the following beautiful prayer, for a report of which we are indebted to the kindness of George W. Dithridge, Esq:

DEDICATORY PRAYER.

Our Gracious and Almighty Heavenly Father:—Thou great Author of every good and every perfect gift, by whom alone we can have hope through Jesus Christ, we rejoice in Thee to-day, and we rejoice in the wonderful manifestations Thou has made of Thy love to us. We thank Thee, Great God, that Thou didst not leave our world in darkness, but didst give Thy Son to die, that whosoever believeth in Him might have everlasting life;—that though we were alienated from Thee, and were the children of wrath and the Evil One, Thou hast in infinite mercy provided a way so that we can be brought back to Thee, and be reconciled to Thee through Thy dear Son, and from being aliens can be adopted again into Thy family and become sons and daughters of the Lord God Almighty.

When we think of our hopes to-day; when we think of our history; when we think of the privileges Thou hast bestowed upon us, we rejoice exceedingly, Oh God, and thank Thee that Thou didst have mercy on the world; that Thou didst give Thy son; that Thou didst establish Thy Church and did bestow upon us such means of grace, sanctifying them all by the outpouring of the Holy Spirit upon us to-day and in the past; so that so many are setting in heavenly places with Christ Jesus, and so many trusting that their hearts have been renewed to the inheritance of life everlasting.

We thank Thee Oh Lord, that Thou hast not left us in any portion of the world where Thou art not known; where Thy word has never gone, and where the Gospel has never been preached; but we rejoice, Our Father, that Thou hast given us such privileges, surrounded us with such restraints, spoken to us with such voices of Thy Providence and hast called after us in the voice of Thy Word, touching our hearts that we should see our sinfulness and thus bring us back to Thee.

We rejoice, oh God! at the history Thou hast given this church, that through days of darkness and periods of affliction, Thou hast been with it, and strengthened and blessed and guided it to this very hour. We thank Thee for what our ears have heard, for what our fathers have told us of Thy wonderful works in the days of old. We thank Thee for the memory of past scenes that have been rehearsed to us to-day, and we thank Thee for those periods of outpouring of the Spirit of God, those great revivals of Thy work, when Thy children have rejoiced with Thee in that other Temple. And, Our Father in Heaven, we pray that Thou wouldst come and bless us in the future as Thou hast in times that are past. Oh Lord! the Heaven of Heavens cannot contain Thee, much less this house which Thy servants have built for Thee. Nevertheless, Thou art accustomed to dwell in tabernacles among men, Thou art accustomed to hallow the places where Thy children meet to serve Thee, with Thy special presence. This house, Oh God! has been built for the glory of Thy name, that hence may be shed abroad a knowledge of Thy name to those who know Thee not.

And, our Father, we now dedicate this house to Thee, and all that pertains to it as a free will offering unto God, with all the cost and all the care, every stone and timber and nail, every part and every appointment of this building, we now dedicate unto Thee, Oh, God! We pray that Thou wilt use every part and every portion of it for the glory of Thy name. And we beseech Thee now, Oh Lord! to arise into Thy resting place, Thou and the Ark of Thy strength. And let Thy people rejoice in Thy goodness and shout aloud for joy. Come and baptise and imbue this building with Thy presence, Oh Lord! Come and abide here with greater power and make here greater displays of Thy presence and glory than Thou didst in that other house, and let the glory of this latter house be greater than the glory of the former house. Come now, Oh Lord! fill this house; fill the hearts of Thy saints and the hearts of Thy ministering servants with Thy love.

And we beseech Thee manifest unto us some greater work of Thy grace and glory in the upbuilding of Thy kingdom in spiritual graces, and in the conversion of sinners to Thyself. Oh God! may this sacred desk always be filled by those who shall speak the Word of God in simplicity and fidelity, and may it be accompanied with the demonstration of the Spirit in power. May his voice always be for the poor and the outcast, and may here always the poor be welcomed to hear the Word. In days of darkness, in days when Thou did'st visit the nation and the city with affliction, in days of war—if days of war shall come again—in days of pestilence and sorrow, may Thy people gather here to acknowledge Thee and humble themselves before Thee. And do Thou come and meet them here, and always meet Thy people here, Oh Lord! How many occasions will there be when Thy children will come sorrowing here—their hearts overwhelmed by some new and sudden grief, with some great affliction they had not looked for. Oh Lord! meet them here. Let the words of Thy grace be sufficient for them. May they find in the service and in the house of God those divine consolations which can be found nowhere else. Here let Thy praises be sung. Here let Thy law speak forth. Here let the consolations of Thy grace be uttered with great tenderness. Here let the promises of the Gospel in all their fullness be rehearsed. Here gather in the wandering in great numbers. We thank Thee, oh Lord! for the blessed reasons we have to know that Thou hast ripened so many in this audience for rest at Thy right hand in glory. Many Thou hast taken already, but we trust they were furthered in their spiritual progress by the fellowship of Thy service.

And all the young and strong and hopeful that have been more recently gathered into the fold of Christ, here clustering around this congregation. Oh God, do Thou ripen and develop their virtues and graces, and make them more useful in their day and generation, and stronger in the Lord. We pray for those, Our Father, that have gone out from this Church and congregation and who are adorning their profession elsewhere, holding up the standard of the Cross elsewhere. The Lord be with them wherever they may be, and all the children of the Covenant—all the children of the congregation—all the children that have been gathered in the Sabbath Schools of this congregation—watch over them. If any of them are straying from Thee, have mercy upon them and bring them back to Thee. Thou knowest where they are, and Thou knowest who They are: Follow them and sanctify the influences that have been around them in their earlier periods of life, and bring them—wherever they are, if they are now strangers to Thee—to a knowledge of the truth as it is in Christ Jesus. And all the labors of the various officers of this church and Sabbath school, and all the heads of families—watch over them and bless them and prosper them, and make this church a greater blessing than ever in this city and in all the land. Strengthen the hands of thy servants—accept, Oh Lord! the free-will offering they bring Thee this day in giving this house and all its power for good into Thy hands for the glory of Thy Great Name. And come, we beseech Thee, and fill this sanctuary, and reign here in the hearts of thy saints in loving kindness with every Christian virtue and every Christian grace. And oh Lord! gather greater multitudes here that they may be saved by the ministrations of thy word and the labors of thy servants here. Bless, our Father, all the churches in our land, bless our land in all its wide extent, in its developed and in its undeveloped resources, and secure it all to Thee. Oh God! hasten the day when all this land and when all other lands shall know Thee, from the least to the greatest, and Jesus shall reign King of nations, as he now is King of saints, and the praise and glory shall be unto Thee, oh Lord, Father, Son and Holy Spirit, forever and ever Amen.

EVENING EXERCISES.

The exercises last evening were of a very interesting and highly entertaining character. At an early hour in the evening every seat in the church was occupied, and a number of temporary seats were arranged in the aisles, which were soon filled up.

The services commenced at half past seven o'clock, when, after a voluntary by the choir, Rev. Dr. Mears, of Philadelphia, read the scriptural lesson. A hymn was then sung by the choir, after which Rev. Dr. Jacobus made the opening prayer, which was followed by a hymn by the choir.

Rev. Dr. Johnson, of Philadelphia, former Pastor of the congregation, delivered an able and eloquent discourse, occupying over an hour and a quarter.

Prof. Cutler, of Western Reserve College, made the closing prayer, after which the choir sang "Beautiful River," when the audience were dismissed with the benediction by Rev. Dr. Riddle.

VACATION.

What the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will Ask of Councils To-day.

This afternoon there will be held a regular meeting of the City Councils, at which, in all probability, will come up for discussion the question of vacating parts of several thoroughfares in order to afford depot facilities and freight accommodations to the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company. It is not our purpose here to offer any opinion on the subject, neither do we propose to set forth the probable advantages to be derived or damages to accrue from the movement, for the present leaving those considerations with the members acting for the people. It would be well, however, for the Councilmen to remember as a basis of their action, that legislation should not be special but general; and that all the important railways which enter our city, thereby contributing to its prosperity and greatness, should stand upon equal footing, and that each should receive the same measure of favor and consideration. We do not see that the present scheme will injure any of the contemporary companies or in anywise conflict with their interests; but it is good to look before we leap, and the question should be handled with all the care, prudence and caution that has hitherto marked the deliberation of the City Assembly. Herewith we present what the Pennsylvania Central will ask and what it proposes to do providing its petitions are favorably acted upon.

WHAT IS WANTED.

The Company has settled its eye on that part of the Second ward lying in a hollow between Ross street and Boyd's Hill and extending from Diamond street to Third street. That section of the city contains no business houses of much importance nor any particularly desirable places of residence. It may, if left alone, develope into a business place, but it is hardly probable as the hill which hems it in will prevent the streets running parallel with the river from ever extending any farther. To obtain the necessary site for buildings the Company asks the vacation of one hundred and six feet of Fourth avenue on the west side of Try street; for the vacation of Try street from Third avenue to Diamond street; for the vacation of Watson street from Try to Shingess street. Owning already a large tract of real estate and designing to purchase that adjoining on a line, the Company proposes to build a freight depot 460 feet long by 140 wide, running from Third avenue, on the west side of Try street, to Diamond street. At the southwest corner of Try street and Third avenue it is designed to erect a commodious passenger depot, for the accommodation of those who travel by the Panhandle Railroad. In consideration of the vacations, the Company will widen Hill street, making it fifty feet in width, designing it to take the place of Watson street. A new street will be opened from the intersection of Third avenue and Hill street to Second street, coming out at or near Gas street. Third avenue will be bridged with a structure of sufficient dimensions to accommodate all the vehicle and foot travel on that thoroughfare, with an easy grade. The bridge will be about two hundred and fifty feet in length, and will come out at Hill street. This avenue will form an outlet from the old city, which will avoid the crossing of railway tracks, and it also will afford a highway to the upper or eastern section of the city. The Councilmen should see to it that the Connellsville road is not hemmed in or cut off by the proposed action from making connection with other lines. Its interests should be duly weighed before final disposal is made of the ordinance to be presented.

WHAT ELSE IS WANTED.

The Pennsylvania Central will also ask Councils to vacate Grant street and Cherry alley, from Seventh to Liberty streets. It proposes if this petition is granted, to buy up all the property thus bounded and erect a commodious passenger depot, and other buildings on the site. The Duquense depot at the Point will be abandoned and the track taken from Liberty street. The Company further proposes to erect a bridge from Washington street across Liberty street to Exchange alley. This structure will be of solid iron and ornamental, about five hundred feet in length.

Thus it will be seen what the Company asks and what it proposes to do. The vacation in the Try street quarter will probably not meet with so much oppositon as that of Grant street, which is perhaps destined to be a trade avenue second to Wood or Smithfield streets. The giving away of a large section of it must draw considerable opposition, especially as our city is languishing for proper business thoroughfares, and a disposition is already manifested to make new centers for the transaction of retail trade. However, we have abiding faith in our Councils, and hope the ordinances will call forth earnest debate and cause close examination to be made in the results which may arise from their passage.

The Mansfield Railroad Accident—Coroner's Inquest.

The Coroner's Jury, impannelled by Alderman Donaldson to inquire after what manner John Woodall, the engineer on the Panhandle Railroad, who was killed at Mansfield on the morning of the 25th inst., came to his death, met at the Coroner's office Saturday morning. Having previously published a detailed statement of the case, which, it will be seen from the evidence we append, was correct, it is unnecessary to make any further remarks. Following is the testimony:

W. H. Shamp, sworn—Am a railroad conductor on the Pittsburgh, Columbus and St. Louis Railroad, Panhandle route; was conductor of mail train No. 6, on which deceased, John Woodall, was engineer. The accident occurred at 3:38 A. M., Wednesday, the 25th inst. Our regular leaving time from the Union Depot is 3 o'clock; we left at 3:05, and ran at our usual rate of speed, gaining the five minutes by the time we reached Mansfield. On approaching Mansfield the engineer gave the signal for a station, and almost immediately whistled "down brakes;" the brakes were applied as far as could possibly be done—each brakeman having one brake applied; they had barely time to apply one brake until she struck No. 26, extra freight train, which was standing at the east end of the Mansfield switch, on the main track. The accident occurred at a curve, and I don't think the engineer could have seen the train more than four hundred feet. When the engineer gave the station signal at Mansfield we were on our regular time; our train is due at the station at 3:38, and the signal was given at 3:37½ about a fourth of a mile from the station. After the collision I got off the train and found Conductor Marven, who was in charge of train No. 26; I asked him how it came that he was there on time and his train not protected; he made no answer, and turned round to put the fire out in his caboose car, which had caught from the stove; I then went to see the extent of damage to my train, and ascertain as to who was injured; I found the fireman, —— Brown, somewhat injured, not seriously; I asked him where the engineer, Woodall, was; he said he had jumped from the engine at the same time he (Brown) did; I went back along the track a short distance, and found Mr. Woodall laying at the side of the track, at the switch frame; he was dead or about dead when I found him; I sent for a physician, who came in due time and attended Mr. Brown, the fireman; Mr. Woodall was dead when he arrived. I saw Marven about one or two o'clock in the afternoon, at Cadiz Junction, sixty-eight miles west of this city; he got on my train then to go to Columbus; he told me he got on a freight train and rode to Steubenville, which was ahead of his train at Mansfield. Trains are never put on the road to interfere with regular trains. The freight trains were not on the regular time, and it was the duty of the conductors of those trains to protect themselves by signaling other trains. Marven told me that he had forgotten No. 6, which was my train, altogether; he said that he would rather it had been himself that was killed than Woodall. I did not know that Marven was running away when he got on my train; he told me he was going to see the paymaster. There was some cause for the delay of those freight trains, but I do not know what it was; I do not know anything about Marven; can't say whether he was a competent railroad man or not.

R. W. Brown, sworn—Was fireman on train No. 6 at the time of the accident; we left Pittsburgh on time; probably, perhaps about five minutes late, think we were on time; when near Mansfield the engineer whistled down brakes and reversed his engine; I looked out ahead and saw a caboose standing on the main track; there were two red lights on the rear end of the caboose; the engineer did all in his power to stop our train before he jumped from the engine; saw him attempting to get off; as soon as he went for the gangway, I went for the one on the opposite side (the left) of the engine and jumped off; think we were going at the rate of about twenty miles per hour when we first saw the caboose; the engine was working all the steam: she had on the back motion; we jumped off and when I picked myself up, I went towards the engine, three passenger car lengths; the first man I saw was Mr. Shamp, the conductor; think I told him to go back and look for Mr. Woodall, the engineer; then I was taken back in the sleeping car and the blood washed off me; if the engineer had staid on the engine he would probably have been saved; only judge that from what I saw afterwards; there was a railroad boy from the Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad on the engine; he did not jump off and was not seriously injured; there were no signals out on the train except the red lights; they are not considered as sufficient protection; understood that the cause of the delay of the trains ahead of us was the first section taking water at Mansfield; it was the duty of the conductor to have the proper signals out when a train stopped; did not see the conductor, Marven, after the accident; understood that he walked to Walker's Mills and took a train for Steubenville.

Conductor Schamp, recalled—The Yard Dispatcher at Pittsburgh makes up the trains; tells the conductor when they are ready; the accident could have been avoided if conductor Marven had sent a flagman out.

The jury returned the following verdict: "That the deceased, John Woodall, came to his death at Mansfield, in Allegheny county, on the 25th day of November, 1868, by jumping from a train while it was in motion, his head striking against a switch frame; and the jury further say that had the conductor of train No. 26 obeyed the instructions of the company the accident would not have occurred."

Presentation to M. S. Humphreys, Esq.

Thursday afternoon of last week Miles S. Humphreys, Esq., one of the Assemblymen elect from Allegheny county, was presented by a number of his associates—workmen of Dilworth, Porter & Co.—with a splendid silver watch and gold chain, as a token of their esteem. The company assembled at the hotel of Mr. John Eichelay, on Denman street, Birmingham, and organized by calling Mr. William Sheargold to preside, Mr. D. A. Jones officiating as Secretary.

The Chairman announced the object of the meeting, and alluded to the estimation in which Mr. Humphreys was held by his fellow-workmen, remarking that his (Humphrey's) action on all questions relating to the interests of the workingmen had been marked with the principle of justice to all parties, and the speaker hoped the same principle would govern him in the new field upon which he was about to enter.

Mr. William Henry, in behalf of his fellow workmen, then made the presentation speech.

Mr. Humphreys replied in his own behalf, saying that words were inadequate to express his feelings in receiving such a token of respect. He did not know that he had done anything to merit it. He was a workingman, and an advocate of Labor, so long as it was based upon the principle of justice and right, and would ever be so long as he could raise his feeble voice. He referred to the new relation he was about to assume, and said his action in the past was a guarantee of his action in the future.

Prof. John Able Jones, by request, sang the grand Union Medley, after which the company partook of refreshments provided, and the remainder of the afternoon was spent most agreeably.

The watch presented to Mr. Humphreys was purchased of Weber & Bros., Birmingham, for one hundred and fifty dollars.

The choicest variety of trimmings, notions, lace goods, embroideries, &c., will be found at Morehead's popular retail trimming and notion house, No. 81 Market street,

The Fashions.

The fashions for winter have already made their appearance on our streets, and altogether may be regarded as fully up to the requirements of correct taste. True there are several innovations in the wardrobe of the ladies, that may be classed in the category of flimsy, nonsensical apparel, but as a general thing the styles of this winter will more than favorably compare with those which marked the outgoing of the fashionable season of 1867. The ladies are settling in their ideas to the standard of comfort, combined with elegance, richness and beauty, and a reform in their costumes has been successfully introduced. The visitors at the representative emporiums of fashion on Market or Fifth streets are forcibly struck with the great change wrought in the patterns of dress goods, the neatness of cloaks, sacques and walking jackets, and if they have been observant and can in their mind's eye contrast them with those in vogue several years ago, they will perceive the grand revolution that has taken place. Then to further prosecute their research into the mysterious changes that have occurred, let them visit the extensive and representative wholesale and retail trimming and notion house of Messrs. Joseph Horne & Co., Nos. 77 and 79 Market street, and they will there discover what a radical change has been made in the style of nearly every one of the innumerable articles which go to make up the stock of such a house. Handkerchiefs have changed, collars have assumed new shapes, corsets, hoop skirts, balmorals, ties, and every article in this way has undergone marked variations. But the most observable transposition will be found in the bead and bugle trimmings, the fringes, gimps, braids, buttons, embroideries, rufflings, laces, bonnets, hats, flowers, plumes and ribbons. In the magnificent stock of goods just received at this recognized headquarters of the trade, there is endless delight in studying and contrasting the changes which busy invention has made within so short a time. However, the greatest change wrought is that in the scale of prices. This house is now selling both to retail patrons and wholesale customers at prices much below what the same goods cost a comparatively short time ago. Of course, the reader is aware that Messrs. Horne & Co. have offered rare inducements in the way of low prices to their patrons, but they never could so well lay claim to the reputation as at the present time. Their stock is thoroughly complete and to purchasers supplying themselves with holiday stocks, or to retail buyers preparing for the gift season or supplying themselves with articles of wear for the winter, is exceedingly attractive.

The Great American Giantess this week at Burnell's Museum.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The engagement of Mr. Chanfrau at the Opera House, which was a most successful one, closed on Saturday night. To-night Edwin Adams, the excellent tragedian, will appear in Hamlet.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Miss Kate Fisher has been doing a fair business at the Old Theatre during the past week, and will doubtless continue to do so through the present week, which terminates her engagement. "Three Fast Men" is on the bills for to-night.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—The Varieties did an unusually large share of the amusement business last week, and judging from the new attractions announced will have a good run this week. The celebrated Wray family make their first appearance in this city to-night and will hold forth at the Varieties.

MUSEUM.—The public fully appreciate Maj. Burnell's efforts to establish a first class Museum in our city, and are extending to the establishment a liberal patronage. It is now the great resort for families.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The Peak Family will commence an engagement of four nights only, at the Academy of Music, Wednesday evening. This is the largest and best troupe of Bell Ringers in the world, and their reputation will doubtless draw full houses during their stay here. Seats can be secured at Miner's Book Store.

ST. BRIDGET'S FAIR.—If any of our readers wish to get anything in the way of refreshments or fancy articles, spend a pleasant hour or two, and help on a worthy object, they can do so by taking the Wylie street passsenger cars, riding as far as Green street, getting off and entering St. Bridget's church, where a first-class Fair is being held under the management of the ladies for the benefit of the church.

INTERESTING EXHIBITION.—Rev. Andrew Gordon and his daughter, residents for ten years in India, will give a novel and interesting exhibition of the manners, curiosities, courtship, costumes, melodies, &c., &c., of the inhabitants of that oriental land, in the Second U. P. Church, corner Sandusky street and Stockton avenue, Allegheny, this evening, commencing at 7¾ o'clock. Tickets of admission, twenty-five cents.

A BENEVOLENT ENTERPRISE.—The philanthropic and benevolent citizens of the cities and vicinity should not forget the fair under the management of the Woman's Christian Association, for destitute women, which opens in City Hall to-morrow evening. Great preparations have been made for the fair, and it will doubtless be one of the best of the season. The worthy object of the enterprise, however, should and doubtless will be sufficient to attract a large attendance.

Prof. Barling, the Bohemian Glass Blower, makes all kinds of glass ornaments at Burnell's Museum.

More Novelty.

Major Burnell has another great curiosity which he presents to the public to-day at his Museum in the shape of a child which is literally covered with long dark hair. It has a beautiful pair of whiskers and a mustache, which does credit to many men, the hair being from an inch to two inches in length. It is truly an infant "Esau." The great American Giantess will also make her first appearance, in connection with the Armless Lady, Bohemian Glass Blower, White and Black Twins, Liliputian King and all the other novelties of the Museum.

All ordinary sized ladies can stand under the arms of the Giantess at Burnell's Museum.

New Canned Goods.

Green Corn, Tomatoes, Lima Beans, Asparagus, Green Peas, Fresh Peaches, Cherries, Green Gage and Damson Plums, Pears, Quinces, Strawberries, Raspberries, and Pine Apples. Orange, Strawberry, Raspberry and Pine Apple Marmalade in glass. Spiced Salmon, two and four pound cans. Picked, Spiced and Fresh Cove Oysters. American and English Pickles, Celery and Cranberry Sauces. Raisins, Currants, Prunes, Citron, Figs, Dates, Prunellas, Jellies, Preserves, &c., &c., at 112 Federal street, Allegheny City. George Beaven. 6

Infant Esau—The child literally covered with hair, at Burnell's Museum.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

Infant Esau, Infant Esau, Infant Esau, Infant Esau, at Burnell's Museum. 4t.

Ironless Carts.

One of the curiosities of the Northwest is the carts without a screw, or bolt, or rivet, or tire, or any other bit of iron. Hundreds of them travel hundreds, some even thousands of miles in an eastern direction to reach the western edge of our advancing civilization. They come from the Selkirk settlement and all parts of British America, under the rule of the Hudson Bay Company—from the headquarters of the Sastatchewan; from the far shores of Lake Winnepeg, and are drawn by Indian ponies, by single oxen working in shafts and harness made of raw hide. They are driven by half-breed Indians, and sometimes by full-blooded natives of the forest, and one man often takes charge of several carts. They come in caravans, attended by horses, ponies and oxen, to take the place of any that may fall; with cows to supply milk and animals for slaughter. The breaking of the wheels of sixty or a hundred of these vehicles in motion, and the shouting of the drivers can be heard a mile across the prairies; and the arrival of a train in a frontier town creates quite an excitement. The length of their trips is being gradually curtailed, and in a few years they will no more cross the line into Uncle Sam's dominions, for they cannot compete with iron roads and iron horses. The creaking wooden cart always came laden with furs, but soon must lie and moulder on its grassy way, while the shrieking locomotive thunders past on its iron track. In those days, when the forests will be cleared and all the wilderness blossom as the rose, where are we to get furs? Coats of skin must give place to some manufactured fabric, and muffs and tibbets must be scarce and dear, or, perhaps, go altogether out of fashion. When one thinks of it, and how "cold and raw the north winds blow bleak in the morning early," one feels some desire to postpone the good time a-coming, or to lay in a supply of Hudson Bay and Mink Sable against future need. Those who feel inclined to the latter course will find sympathy and coöperation by calling on Wm. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street, who has more furs, better furs, furs of better quality and greater variety, furs more neatly manufactured, and all sold at from 15 to 25 per cent. less than any other dealer in the Iron City. At this extensive and popular first class emporium the wholesale dealer, as well as the retail purchaser, may be equally well suited, for he sells wholesale and retail, by the single article or by the dozen, and intends to keep on selling all of this winter, and ever so many winters which are yet lurking somewhere in the Future, or in Alaska, with the walrusses, seals or bears. We shall not go to see his furs, for we have'nt any money, but people who have might find this a profitable way to invest it.

Infant Esau—The child three years old that has a fine pair of whiskers and a mustache, at Burnell's Museum.

Deafness, Blindness, Catarrh,
And all affections of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver and Nervous System, treated successfully at Dr. Aborn's Medical and Surgical Institute, No. 134 Smithfield street. tf.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

Miss Leak, the armless lady, has become a permanent fixture at Burnell's Museum.

MARRIED:

McELROY—McCAGUE—At Ripley, Ohio, on Wednesday evening, November 18th, WILLIAM S. McELROY of Pittsburgh, to Miss MARY A. McCAGUE, of Mexico.

ANSHUTZ—ORR—On Thursday evening, November 26th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. W. T. Beatty, of Shady Side, THEODORE F. ANSHUTZ, of Greensburg, Pa., and EMMA K., only daughter of Dr. James Orr, of this city.

DIED:

JOHNSTON—On Saturday, November 28th, at 5 o'clock A. M., MARIA C., infant daughter of Jas. and Maria Johnston, aged 5 months.

SWEARINGEN—In Zanesville, Ohio, on Saturday, November 21, ELIE. SWEARINGEN, Sr., formerly of Wheeling, West Virginia, aged 76 years and 8 months.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals $4.

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Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

Has now in stock one of the largest and most varied assortments of

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Gloths, Cassimeres, Suitings, Overcoatings.

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FOR A STYLISH DRESS COAT,
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FOR A STYLISH WALKING COAT,
FOR A STYLISH PAIR OF PANTS,
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For all the latest styles cut clothes, made of the best material, and by first-class workmen, and at prices surprisingly low, go to the well known Merchant Tailor,

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